FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Port Almanac—Sept. 10.

Sun Rises	5 38 A M
Sun Sets	6 15 P M
Day's Length	12 h 38 m
High Water at Southport	6 58 P M
High Water at Wilmington	8 48 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 10.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 71°; 8 p. m., 76°; maximum, 87°; minimum, 66°; mean, 76°.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, .92.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. September 9th, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

High barometer continues over the Atlantic coast States, with highest over the Carolinas. Another area of moderately high barometer prevails over the Northwest, with rain falling around its southern edge and cooler temperatures noted generally under it. Fair, continued warm weather has prevailed elsewhere, except along the Gulf States and over Florida, where local thunder showers are reported. Rain is falling to-night over the West Gulf and East Florida coast. The barometer is low over the upper lakes and the Central West and Southwest.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia—Fair; continued high temperature; southeasterly winds.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

With the exception of showers along the Gulf coast and over Florida, the weather has continued fair over the cotton belt. Cool night temperatures are generally noted.

OUTLINES.

The revenue cutter Boutwell and the gunboat Annapolis are both at Tybee watching the tug Dauntless. —— Prof. Andrew Montague has been elected President of Furman University, Greenville, S. C. —— It is again affirmed that an understanding exists between Spain and other European Powers looking to a check upon American intervention in Cuba. —— Three people killed in a wreck on the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad. —— The firm of J. R. Willard & Co., New York, failed; liabilities estimated to reach $1,000 000. —— Geo. W. Silsby & Co., brokers in stocks and grains, have suspended on account of the failure of Willard & Co. —— The total amount paid for pensions last year by the U. S. Government was $140,477,687; the year previous, $180,738, 127. —— Guatemala is in a bad way financially and politically. —— A rich find of gold is reported from South Santa Fe county, New Mexico. —— Steamer Belle of Memphis sunk in the Mississippi river; no lives lost. —— The new customs tariff for Cuba prohibits *entry* of arms, munitions of war, dynamite and various other articles; nearly all American goods are subjected to lower duties. —— The taking of expert testimony occupied the time of the court yesterday in the Luetgert murder trial at Chicago. —— The Gold Democrats of Ohio met in convention and nominated a State ticket; the attendance was small. —— No vote was taken in the miners' convention on the proposed settlement of the strike. —— Dr. Guiteras pronounces the fever at Ocean City yellow fever; a few additional cases are reported. —— Yesterday's New York markets: Money on call was steady at 1¼@1½ per cent.; last loan at 1¼ and closed offered at 1¼@1½; cotton quiet—middling 7½c; flour steady; wheat—spot strong; No. 2 hard $1.08 delivered; corn—No. 2 87c at elevator and 88⅝c afloat; rosin steady—strained common to good $1 45@1.50; spirits turpentine firm at 30½@31c.

Joseph Jefferson, Old Rip, is now a great-grandfather. This makes him somewhat more of a father but not a whit greater, for Joe always was great.

A Yonkers, N. Y., thief is in limbo for making a mistake. He mistook a prayer book a lady was carrying for a pocket book, grabbed it, and got caught.

A French family claims to have a pedigree running straight back to Noah. It stopped there probably because the tracer got swamped when he struck the flood.

The Republican and gold organs are working pretty hard to keep Wm. J. Bryan at the front, considering that they have so many times published his political obituary.

An Austrian priest cures cancer of the stomach by feeding his patients on lizards. But the announcement fails to state whether he serves 'em alive or dead, whole or in sections.

Paderewski created a sensation in Paris the other day by having his hair cut. He might have waited until Paris got through with the delirium of celebrating the Russian treaty.

Chauncey M. Depew doesn't like that part of the Dingley tariff which imposes a duty on the apparel and other stuff of returning tourists, amounting in value to more than $100. Chauncey goes abroad himself annually and buys a lot of wearing and other truck.

Some of the Herr Most people must have a most wonderful capacity for absorbing beer if it be true, as stated by the New York *Herald*, that a hundred and fifty of them who went to see Herr Most off somewhere, drank forty kegs in four hours.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LX.—NO. 148. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,380

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 13 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

The New York *Sun* again rises to remind the gold worshippers that they must not delude themselves with the belief that the high price of wheat and the low price of silver will knock silver out as an issue, and concludes with the sage remark that "Prosperity is making a good many Democrats comfortable, but it has not yet weakened their allegiance to free silver." And, what is more, it isn't going to.

At a recent election for two members of the board of councilmen in a New Jersey town, Miss Moore and Mrs. Meyers were candidates. Mrs. Meyers gave a lawn party and to make herself solid with the voters, dispensed cake and ginger ale, but Miss Moore discounted the cakes and ginger ale with smiles and kisses, and got there of course. If one kiss wouldn't do she'd give 'em more.

The high tariff is proving too much for the lemon business in New York. Importers can't sell at the prices and some are shipping to England while others are turning theirs over to the Government for the duty. That looks like a kind of squeeze on the importers.

The advocates of the free coinage of silver have adopted the ratio of 16 to 1 because it is necessary to agree upon some ratio to make a united fight, and that was the old ratio which worked all right from the establishment of the mint until it was closed against silver.

The seal, according to some authorities, has a pretty venerable ancestry. The fossil remains of one were recently dug out of a sand stone deposit in Oregon which the State Geologist says must have been cast up by the sea at least 80,000 years ago.

Minister Woodford took his initiatory lesson in Spanish diplomacy by attending a bull fight last Saturday. Contrary to expectations the audience didn't manifest any disposition to toss him into the ring and let the bulls paw him some.

If gold is becoming as abundant as the gold organs say it is, it will not be long before they will be making kitchen utensils out of it.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

F. T. MILLS—Notice.
OPERA HOUSE—The Widow Goldstein.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

FOR SALE—Houses and lots.
YOUNG MEN—Can get good board.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

—Some of the enterprising shoe firms offer for sale a "Klondike" shoe. It will have to sell on its own merits, not on the strength of the "Klondike Craze" here.

—As a proof of revived business, it may be stated that one of the leading firms here shipped yesterday nineteen car loads of merchandise, outside of lots of stuff in smaller quantity.

—The spirits turpentine market after being inactive nearly all day, strengthened considerably in the afternoon, with sales of all there was offered at 28 and 27½ cents per gallon.

—Emily Hutchins alias "Bel," colored, and Ed. Roddick, white, were adjudged guilty in separate cases of disorderly conduct yesterday by Justice McGowan, but judgment was suspended upon payment of costs.

—There is a certain wheelman in the city who wishes to wager a large amount of money that he can beat any local cyclist in a race from Wilmington to Island Creek, about 40 miles, or a longer distance if desired.

—Mr. Edw. Danforth has accepted the position of assistant superintendent of the Wilmington Street Railway Company. Mr. Danforth has been in the employ of Mr. C. M. Whitlock for a number of years, and this new rise is certainly deserving.

—The approach of the busy season is doing away with the weekly half holiday. The Produce Exchange resumed regular hours last Saturday. To-day the real estate agencies whose employes had their half holiday on Friday, will keep their men at their places the whole day.

—Mr. F. T. Mills, the well-known horse dealer, has something interesting to say this morning to those who are contemplating the purchase of a horse or mule. He has just returned with twenty-five head of horses and mules which he will be glad to show to any one wishing to buy.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

—Mr. Geo. H. Currie, of Currie, was here yesterday.

—Mr. W. H. Pope, of Fayetteville, was here yesterday.

—Mr. J. W. Menefee, of Graham, was among yesterday's arrivals.

—Prof. M. C. S. Noble left last evening, to be gone several days.

—Mr. C. Ed. Taylor, of Southport, arrived in the city yesterday.

—Mr. C. H. Abbott returned from the Nashville Exposition yesterday.

—The STAR is glad to note that Mr. W. M. Atkinson is able to be out.

—Dr. E. L. Hunter, of Fayetteville, was one of yesterday's visitors in the city.

—Mr. A. G. Warren and wife have gone on a trip through Western North Carolina.

—Mr. A. Shrier and family returned from attending the Nashville Exposition yesterday.

—Mr. H. B. Wells, who lately left Wilmington to go to Columbia, was among yesterday's arrivals.

—Dr. E. Porter and Mr. E. P. Porter, of Rocky Point, were among yesterday's hotel registrations.

—Mr. J. C. Larkins, travelling representative of the Goldsboro Furniture Company, was here yesterday.

—Mr. Geo. W. Doyle and family will leave for Norfolk to-day, where Mr. Doyle will take a position with the Southern Railway Company.

—Mrs. B. Solomon and Miss Lena Solomon will leave to-day for Philadelphia, where Miss Solomon goes to attend the Drexel Institute.

—Mr. S. L. Callett, of Philadelphia, Pa., a brother of Mr. T. J. Callett, of the Wilmington Brewing Association, arrived in the city yesterday.

—Among yesterday's visitors in the city were E. Back, Elizabeth City; J. C. Stanley, Marlville; O. F. Justice, Saead's Ferry; James Lesesne, Bladen county; A. S. Kirby and G. L. Edwards, Supply.

COTTON FACTS AND FIGURES.

—Receipts yesterday were 994 bales, same day last year 1,468.

—The sales of cotton here as yet are comparatively light, as there is but little consigned cotton.

—The price of cotton is still rather lower than one could wish. Middling was quoted yesterday at the Produce Exchange at 6 13-16 cents per pound, same as on the day before, though the tone was firm, against quiet the day before. Middling cotton was quoted firm at 7⅛ cents on the corresponding day last year.

—While the price might be higher without objections on the part of the grower, it is encouraging to note that the Wilmington market makes a better showing than do many of the other Southern ports. Middling in Savannah yesterday was 6¾ cents, in Charleston, 6¾ cents; Augusta, 6 11-16 cents.

—Latham, Alexander & Co. say: "The future prospects of the cotton trade now seem to us most promising. The visible supply of cotton throughout the world is 884,634 bales smaller than last year, when the supply was exceptionally short. It is 1,306,788 bales smaller than in 1895 and the stock of cotton in the hands of American spinners and the quantity of old cotton on plantations is less than for many years. The price of contracts for future delivery, except the near months, is 2c a pound lower than at this time last year."

Editors Will Go to Nashville.

Mr. J. B. Sherrill, Secretary of the North Carolina Press Association, has perfected arrangements for the Association to attend the Nashville Centennial in a body. The editors will leave on Monday, Sept. 20.

A kind of side trip has been arranged also, but it will be optional. Those who take this trip, and it promises to be a very delightful one, will stop over in Chattanooga Tuesday and take in the great Chickamauga National Park, Lookout Mountain and other places of interest.

County Commissioners.

The auditing committee of the Board of County Commissioners met yesterday at 9.30 and audited the county bills. As they constituted a quorum of the Board of Commissioners they could, of course, attend to any of the business of the Board requiring attention, so Mr. J. W. Perdew, recently elected standard keeper, having presented his bond in the sum of $900, with Messrs. W. E. Springer and W. E. Perdew as sureties, the same was accepted and ordered on file.

Paying Taxes.

City, county and State taxes are being paid with more than customary promptness this year. State and county have been payable only since Tuesday, but in that time—three days—there has been more money paid in for taxes than there was during the first ten days last year. The city taxes are also coming in with gratifying promptness. The collections are better than they have been in years. Let the good work go on.

New River Oysters.

There were some New River oysters—about the first of the season—on the market yesterday. There were about three bushels in quantity and were bought in by Mr. Mack Newberry, oysterman, for Mr. S. W. Sanders.

On account Union Veterans' Legion, National Encampment, Columbus, O., September 21-24, 1897, the Seaboard Air Line will sell round trip tickets to Columbus, O., from Wilmington, N. C., at rate of $20.20. Tickets on sale September 19th and 20th.]

ANOTHER ARTESIAN WELL.

The Clarendon Water Works Company to Sink One Near Their Plant at Hilton.

The Clarendon Water Works Company, with its usual enterprise and interest for patrons, has contracted with Messrs. Thompson & Storey, a firm of Wheeling, W. Va., for the boring of an artesian well at the company's station at Hilton. The well will be eight inches in diameter and will be sunk to a depth of 2,500 feet, which will no doubt assure good fresh water, which will prove of great benefit, and which the citizens of Wilmington should thoroughly appreciate, as when the required depth is reached the powerful pumps of the company at their station at Hilton will be attached to the well, and the sparkling *aqua* distributed over the city through mains. The contract for the boring of the well was drawn up and signed Wednesday by Mr. Jas. Storey, representing Messrs. Thompson & Storey. Mr. Storey (as noted in the STAR) returned to Wheeling Wednesday night, and will at once ship all the necessary implements for boring to this city in time to commence work on the first of next month, and things will then be kept "hustling," as a force of hands will be constantly at work both day and night. The boring of the well 2,500 feet will mean pure and fresh water, while a depth less than 1,000 feet would probably mean salt water, as the Clarendon Company have a well at Hilton 500 feet deep but the water is salty.

A STAR reporter was shown yesterday by Mr. W. F. Robertson, the clever superintendent of the Clarendon Water Works Company, a letter received from Prof. J. A. Holmes, of the University State Geologist, which demonstrates the fact that the water works company has as their motto: "Be sure you are right, then go ahead." The following is an extract from Prof. Holmes' letter, which will prove of interest, viz:

"I may say that the depth of 900 feet and less at which artesian wells have been bored successfully in the neighborhood of Fayetteville and Lumberton, of course, does not mean that you can reach the same water-bearing strata at Wilmington at anything like this depth. Indeed, I believe this water bearing strata would not be reached at Wilmington at a depth less than 1,000 feet. Nevertheless, other water-bearing strata might be reached much nearer the surface in the Wilmington region, as has been demonstrated at Wrightsville, at the Hammocks, and, if newspaper statements are correct, very near your water works plant on Northeast river, and indeed, the present flow which you have at Hilton of 85 gallons per minute demonstrates the possibility of an artesian supply of water in that region. I think the saltiness of that water is a local matter and by going deeper you will strike a water-bearing strata yielding fresh water."

THE BLACKWELL MURDER.

Parvis, the Negro Tramp, Tried in Harnett Superior Court—Convicted of Murder in the First Degree.

Yesterday at Lillington, the county seat of Harnett county, Ed. Parvis, negro tramp, was convicted of murdering Mr. James Blackwell, at the time of his (Blackwell's) death a flagman of the A. C. L. fast mail train No. 35. The murder was committed between Benson and Dunn on the night of the 14th of last month, and while Mr. Blackwell was attempting to make two negro tramps get off his train, upon which they were trying to steal a ride. The murderer of young Blackwell was chased with bloodhounds, but without success. Ed Parvis, colored, was arrested three days after the commission of the murder in Fayetteville, and was held for the present term of Harnett county Superior Court.

Tuesday morning last Parvis was placed on trial for his life, Judge Oliver H. Allen presiding, and Geo. M. Rose, Esq., of Fayetteville, conducting the case for the prosecution, assisted by C. W. Bidgood, Esq., of this city.

A telegram received last night announced that Parvis had been convicted of murder in the first degree, which, of course, means that he must pay the penalty—death.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—68 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 2 bbls tar, 5 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—892 bales cotton, 16 casks spirits turpentine, 173 bbls rosin, 40 bbls tar, 7 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—98 bales cotton, 15 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—21 bales cotton, 58 casks spirits turpentine, 108 bbls rosin, 8 bbls tar.

Flat—13 casks spirits turpentine, 70 bbls rosin, 60 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 994 bales; spirits turpentine, 86 casks; rosin, 350 bbls; tar, 110 bbls; crude turpentine, 21 bbls.

Annual Inspection.

The annual inspection of the Wilmington Light Infantry and Naval Reserves was scheduled to take place to-day, the Reserves probably being inspected in the afternoon and the Light Infantry at night, but the Inspector General, Col. B. S. Royster, of Oxford, postponed the event, and as yet has not named a date for the inspection to be held. The monthly inspection of the Light Infantry will be held next Wednesday evening.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cent

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Boston, 13; St. Louis, 6.
Baltimore, 3, Louisville, 2.
Brooklyn, 7; Cincinnati, 1.
Washington, 9; Cleveland 8.
Philadelphia, 5, Chicago, 4.
New York, 6; Pittsburg, 2.
Pittsburg, 5; New York, 0.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO MORROW.

Louisville at Baltimore.
St. Louis at Boston.
Cincinnati at Brooklyn.
Pittsburg at New York.
Chicago at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at Washington.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost	Per Cent.
Baltimore	79	38	.705
Boston	81	35	.698
New York	75	40	.652
Cincinnati	65	47	.580
Cleveland	67	58	.495
Washington	52	61	.460
Chicago	53	64	.448
Philadelphia	51	65	.440
Brooklyn	51	65	.440
Pittsburg	49	65	.430
Louisville	49	68	.419
St. Louis	28	88	.241

Baltimore's victory yesterday was due to errors, although the game was plainly a pitcher's battle between Hoffer and Hill, with the former leading by a nose.

With Stevett and Nichols on the box, the Beaneaters proved too much for the Browns. Sudhoff made a good impression, but was supported in poor fashion.

Giants couldn't hit Hawley in the first game yesterday, but neither could the Pirates hit Seymour in the second nine innings. Pittsburg made enough errors to lose a dozen games.

The Washington-Cleveland game was very much on the "slug" yesterday.

OPERA HOUSE.

The First Big Comedy of the Season Next Monday Night.

Monday night the theatrical season will be put in full blast at the Opera House, that extremely funny and popular comedy, "The Widow Goldstein," being the opening number.

The troubles of others are the comedy of life, and our own troubles make the tragedy. Its easy to laugh at the pickle the other fellow gets into, and its the other's trouble that makes the plot of the comedy of "The Widow Goldstein," written by Lillian Lewis and Lawrence Marston. Sam, shrewd, good natured, but minus money, loves Iza, but Iza's father, on account of money troubles, has been obliged to promise Iza to Cyrus Russell. Old Russell don't love Iza, he just wants her. Hetty Greenbaum's troubles arise from her desire to get even with Russell, and Russell's troubles are the outcome of his general cussedness. Pat, an Irish shoemaker, has troubles because Judith, instead of starting him a shop with her $1,400, lends it to Sam. Judith has troubles because Sam, instead of turning that $1,400 into thousands, turned it into whiskey. Cora has troubles because she has no better sense, and coming as she does to New York to get her corners rounded off, and get eddicated, she necessarily makes her own troubles. Iza's troubles arise from the fact that she is a good obedient girl, whose heart, in spite of obedience, has drifted in a direction contrary to her papa's wish. All these troubles are thoroughly aired in the three acts and amicably settled.

Advance sale of seats will commence to-morrow morning at Gerken's. Prices as usual.

Serious Accident to Mr. C. C. Forneyduval.

Mr. C. C. Forneyduval, of Cronly, suffered a serious accident on day before yesterday. He was in a cart drawn by a mule and was driving down a steep hill near Cronly, when the mule grew frightened and dashed down the hill. Mr. Forneyduval was thrown from the cart and run over.

Dr. W. D. McMillan went out on the afternoon train over the Carolina Central road on day before yesterday to examine the unfortunate man's injuries which he found to consist of a broken thigh and collar-bone in addition to a number of painful bruises.

Dr. McMillan returned yesterday morning.

Examination of Teachers.

Nine teachers, five white and four colored, stood the examination yesterday for persons desiring a teacher's certificate for New Hanover county. The examination was held in the Court House, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m. and was given by Prof. M. C. S. Noble, County Superintendent of Public Schools. He will not determine the grades immediately, as he will be out of the city for several days on business.

CUBAN ELECTION.

Masso Reported to Have Been Chosen—Major Gonsales Killed in a Duel with Swords.

[*Baltimore Sun*]

HAVANA, CUBA, (via Key West, Fla.,) September 8.—From the reports that reach here it would seem that Senor Masso had been elected President of the Cuban Republic. The election was delayed two or three days on account of the non-arrival of several Deputies who had difficulty in crossing the Spanish lines.

Spanish officers in Havana are greatly excited over the result of a duel which took place last Saturday between Major Rafeal Vallejo Gonzales, military commander of San Nicholas, and Lieutenant Colonel Villaverd. Major Gonzales was killed. The fight took place early in the morning in Corea, a small town about twelve miles from Havana, and the weapons were broadswords. After a fierce struggle, lasting nearly half an hour, Major Gonzales received a thrust in the neck and fell, bleeding profusely. When he died not a soul was near, as the others of the party had left him when he fell.

The duel arose from the fact that Col. Villaverd, in the course of his investigations as judge of instruction, made charges of fraud against the major with regard to the seizure of cattle. Maj. Gonzales was buried in Govea, and it was officially announced that he had committed suicide. Gen. Weyler has ordered Col. Villaverd to return to Spain.

An order has been issued by the regional Governor to the effect that no visitors are to be permitted inside the Casa de Recojidas. Since Saturday the friends of Senorita Evangelina Cisneros have been in complete ignorance as to what may have befallen her.

GEORGIA FARMERS

Are Going to Plant Egyptian Cotton—The Yield Twice as Large as That of the Ordinary Kind.

[*Savannah Morning News*]

The information is that the farmers of Coffee county will experiment with raising Egyptian cotton another year. This will be a direct result of the test made this year by Dr. Jeff Wilcox at Willacoochee.

When the Department of Agriculture sent Dr. Wilcox last year a few sample packages of Egyptian cotton seed, other farmers and professional men of Georgia also received similar samples. But unlike some who received them and threw them aside as unworthy a trial, Dr. Wilcox planted a small patch and fertilized it and cultivated it. The field was fine, and judging from what was made on the small piece of ground planted, Dr. Wilcox says the Egyptian cotton will yield twice as much per acre as the Sea Island. In fact, he claims that one bale per acre will be made on lands that only produce a half bale of Georgia long cotton.

The lint is of an intermediate quality, being of a yellow tint and shorter than Sea Island. The seed are similar to common Georgia long staple and two and a quarter pounds of seed cotton will produce one pound of lint. On account of the yellowness the lint will not sell for more than ordinary Georgia Sea Island. The picking is done much easier as the bolls do not hold the cotton so tightly as ordinary cotton.

Dr. Wilcox has been visited by farmers from all over Coffee county for the purpose of investigating the new cotton. After seeing the result of the test the farmers were pleased and invariably asked Dr. Wilcox to get a large supply of seeds, so they could try the experiment next year.

The argument in favor of Egyptian is that the yield is larger and the cost of picking less.

KING GEORGE, OF GREECE,

And Other Distinguished Europeans Send Gifts to Prof. Patterson and Bride.

A special to the Washington *Post* from Chapel Hill, about the marriage of the daughter of Dr. Eben Alexander, Miss Eleanor Alexander, to Prof. Andrew H. Patterson, of the University of Georgia, says:

Both of the contracting parties are well known and very popular throughout North Carolina and elsewhere, as is shown by the elegant array of bridal presents. Among these, and most noticeable on account of its giver, is a small link bracelet from King George, of Greece. The gift is small in size, but conspicuous in its elegant simplicity, and shows the admirable taste of the royal giver. Several other presents were received from distinguished Europeans, all of whom entertain a high regard for Dr. Alexander and his lovely daughter. Among these are Le Baron and La Baronne Plessen, German minister at Athens, and his wife, and Mr. Richard Watson Gilder, editor of *Century* magazine.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Rent.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES.
Apply to
D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent,
sep 5 tf

Office of the Secretary and Treasurer of the Carolina Central R. R. Co.

PORTSMOUTH, VA., Sept. 7th, 1897.

The regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Carolina Central Railroad Company will be held in the Front street office of the Company, in the city of Wilmington, N. C., on Thursday, the 7th day of October A. D., 1897, at 1 o'clock p. m.
sep 7 tf JOHN H. SHARP, Secretary.

Notice.

IN ORDER TO CLOSE OUT MY BUGGY and Harness business I will offer commencing to-day my entire stock consisting of Buggies, Phaetons, Wagons, Road Carts and Harness of every description at cost. Everything must be sold before October 1st.
J. A. MONTGOMERY,
sep 7 2w No. 110 North Water street.

Stockholders Meeting.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Onslow Land Investment Co will be held at the office of Jos. D. Bellamy, Esq., in the city of Wilmington, N. C., on Tuesday the 14th of September, 1897, at 12 o'clock M.
DR. E. PORTER,
sep 1 2w President.

FIRST BIG COMEDY OF THE SEASON
OPERA HOUSE,
One Night, Monday, Sept 13th.
The Effervescent Comedy,
"THE WIDOW GOLDSTEIN," Laughs, Runs, Screams,
with
HARRY ROGERS AS "SAM GOLDSTEIN,"
Bright, Sparkling, Original,
"IT IS TO LAUGH."
Prices—25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00. sep 10 2t

Notice.

I have just arrived to-day with twenty-five head of
Horses and Mules,
at my Stables on Water street. They consist of general purpose Horses and will be sold cheap and satisfaction guaranteed. I will continue to keep on hand a full supply the balance of the season. Don't fail to see my stock before you buy.
F. T. MILLS.
sep 10 tf

Combination Bicycle
FOR SALE
A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at STAR OFFICE.
sp 7 tf

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS!

The Place to Trade.
Wait and See Our
FALL STOCK.
Goods Arriving Daily.
NEW DRESS GOODS,
The Latest Styles.
NEW LACES AND EMBROIDERIES
at special prices.
New Carpets, Nice Patterns
New Rugs, a Pretty Line
New Shades and Lace Curtains.
New Clothing and Hats. New Shoes.
If you want to save money come and see our stock. Our prices and qualities will interest you.
J. H. REHDER & CO.'S,
Near Fourth Street Bridge.
Bell Phone 118. Inter-State 218.
Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and up. sep 5 tf

WE KEEP BUSY, HARD AT WORK HANDLING SHOES. But we will take time to place you on our extensive list of customers and supply you with tickets that you also may try to get the HANDSOME WATCH which will be given to some person on October 1st, 1897. If you begin at once you may yet outstrip some who began earlier. It costs you nothing to try. Begin now, learn the system and be ready for the next contest. Watch our window. We will try and make it interesting for our kind patrons. See us or you may regret it.
MERCER & EVANS,
Successors of H. C. Evans.
sep 5 tf 115 Princess street.

We Have Other Goods
to offer besides
"Clover Hill Butter."
Read our list and find out.
100 Boxes Full Cream Cheese,
Candles, Gun Caps. Drugs of all kinds.
Flour all grades, including Pillsbury's Best, which is the Flour for good bread.
Fish, Fresh N. C. Fruits, Glue, Potted Ham, Cooked Ham.
Car load choice Timothy Hay.
Ink to suit all.
Jellies in Glass and in Wood.
R. W. HICKS,
Wholesale Grocer.
au 14 DAW tf

TURNIP SEED,
Crop 1897,
JUST ARRIVED
ALL VARIETIES PLANTED IN THIS SECTION.
The Largest Stock and the Lowest Prices.
Write for quotations.
ROBERT R. BELLAMY,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
je 29 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Prempert's Barber Shop,
NO. 11 SOUTH FRONT STREET, FIRST-class Work at Reasonable Prices. Give us a call.
Respectfully,
je 29 tf ARTHUR PREMPERT

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS!

J. W. Murchison,
Wholesale and Retail Hardware Dealer.
AGENT FOR
Laflin & Rand Powder,
Howe Scales, Richmond Stoves and
CAPITOLA
THE VERY BEST QUALITY.

THE VERY LATEST DESIGN.
Steel Ranges.
J. W. Murchison,
Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.
au 15 tf

We sell on Commission
D. S. Sides
D. S. Cut Sides,
D. S. Fat Backs,
D. S. Bellies,
D. S. Plates,
Cotton Ties.
Goods shipped on lowest market price at the day.
Vollers & Hashagen,
Wilmington, N. C.,
Nutt Street, A. C. L. Crossing.
au 29 tf

We Are Offering
THE VERY BEST
PIANOS AND ORGANS
At Extremely Low Figures.
Take Advantage of Low Prices
before the advance in price, which will be made in the next 30 days.
E. VAN LAER,
au 26 tf 412 and 404 North Fourth Street.

Who Wants to Buy?
2,000 Bushels Corn.
800 Boxes Tobacco (great bargain).
400 cases Starch (Celluloid & Lump).
300 Boxes Soap (Toilet & Laundry).
100 Barrels Pocket Salt.
125 doz. Mexican Mustang Liniment.
All of these going with stacks of other goods not mentioned, at a close margin. I ask buyers to get my prices.
D. L. GORE,
Wholesale Grocer.
Wilmington, N. C. au 19 tf

Liverpool and American
SALT.
Any weight sacks, coarse or fine, fresh packing. A large stock
Bagging and Ties,
which we offer at lowest market prices.
Groceries
in quantities sufficient to fill orders promptly. Correspondence solicited.
Hall & Pearsall,
Nutt and Mulberry streets.
au 10 DAW tf

J. L. HILL
Printing Company's
Directory of Wilmington,
1897.
Containing a general business and street directory.
Price $3.00.
For sale by C. W. Yates & Co.
J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY,
Owner and Publishers,
my 21 tf Richmond, Va.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 10, 1897

SILVER THE SAFEGUARD.

The gold organs tell us that silver, like wheat, obeys the law of supply and demand, and that this governs the price. Silver has fallen in price, they say, because there is more produced than there is a demand for, and therefore the price goes down. Since silver has been reduced to the condition of a mere commercial metal it must take position with other commodities and be governed by the same laws. If legislation had not been hostile to it it would not have been reduced to the condition of a mere commodity nor be governed by the law of supply and demand, as it is now, for being a money metal its value would be fixed by the mints, by which the market for silver would be governed. Previous to the demonetization of silver, no matter what the production might be, the market price never fell below the mint value, because the owner of silver knew he could have it coined and insisted on the mint price. And so it would be now if we had free coinage in this country. We would hear nothing of the fifty-cent silver and nothing of the law of supply and demand as applicable to silver any more than to gold.

The gold men boast of the annual increase of gold production, and predict an increase of production for some years to come. There is more gold produced now than silver, and from the reports of numerous and marvellous discoveries they are looking for immense additions to the world's stock of gold. But is there any indication of gold falling in price in view of this immense increase in the amount produced and anticipated? Will not an ounce of gold command as high a price now as it did two, three, five or ten years ago? Why doesn't the production affect its value? Where is the law of supply and demand as applied to gold? Is the demand for gold increasing so amazingly? If so, for what? There is no extraordinary amount of it being coined, there is no extraordinary demand for it in the arts, but they keep hunting for it all the same, travelling to the earth's end for it, murdering the natives of countries where it is discovered for it, facing suffering, starvation and death for it as the Alaskan adventurers are now doing. Why? Because it is a money metal, because it can be coined into dollars, and because its value remains fixed by the laws that entitle it to coinage and place it beyond the reach as to price of speculators, combinations or manipulators of the market. The demand is ever present because it can be always converted into coin. This is its safeguard against the combinations and speculators, and thus it would be with silver, too, if it had the same safeguard.

The persistent and well planned war upon silver, with the consequent enhancement of the purchasing power of gold, and the growing conviction that the war upon silver is to be continued until the world is put upon a gold basis, have stimulated the search for gold, and stimulated invention to cheapen the cost of production, the result being more eager search for it than was ever made, more discoveries, and more methods of extracting the gold from the ores than were dreamed of even twenty years ago. The rage for it has become so great that thousands of men rush to the borders of the Arctic Circle and peril their lives to dig it out of the frozen earth, and expeditions are being fitted out to go in quest of it into the Antarctic seas, where it is alleged to have been discovered. The fact is the world seems to have gone gold crazy, because of the growing belief that gold is to be the only money of the world.

The result of all this may be the partial if not total abandonment for a time, at least, of silver mining until the stock becomes so low that those who need it in the arts will be compelled to offer a reasonable price for it to procure it. In the meantime the world's stock of gold no matter how large it may be, will be controlled by a comparatively small number of men, who will use it to their own advantage and control the volume of the world's currency, which they can easily do when it consists of or is based upon one metal, such a large quantity of which they already control. It is stated that the Rothschilds and their connections can now control $3,000,000,000 out of the $4,000,000,000 of coined gold in the world.

Doesn't this emphasize the necessity of continuing the struggle for bimetallism, not only to prevent a ruinous contraction of the world's currency, and a consequent appreciation of gold, but to protect the business of the world from a money monopoly that would be more soulless than ever when that monopoly became so absolute as to fear no interference? Silver is the world's safeguard against the gold extortioner, as corn is the world's safe guard against the men who could and would corner the wheat surplus and demand famine prices when the crops were short. This is a service that silver had always rendered up to the time that the conspirators succeeded in demonetizing it, and this is the service it will continue to render if men be wise and continue the struggle to preserve bimetallism and to restore silver to its former position as a full money metal.

MINOR MENTION.

We have been frequently assured by the gold organs of both the Republican and Democratic persuasion that the "silver craze" was dead. We were told so just after the last Presidential election, when it was jubilantly asserted that it was played out and done for and that Wm. J. Bryan was a relegated individual who would never more figure as a leading personality in the political arena. We have been reassured of this from day to day since the rise in wheat and the fall in the price of silver, but with a strange inconsistency the same organs persist in keeping Wm. J. Bryan prominently before their readers, which is somewhat remarkable and at the same time silly if he be the political corpse they pretend to believe him. The New York *Sun* is a gold organ, and one of the ablest of the lot, but it doesn't take any stock in that kind of nonsense and utters the following warning to the self-deluded organs and people who do:

"Some persons seemed to have persuaded themselves that the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 has ceased to be formidable and will be abandoned by the Democratic party. They see that the country is prosperous; that wheat is high and silver low; and they assume that the Democrats will gradually cease to regard the free coinage of silver as the most important political-economic question.

"In the Democratic newspapers there is absolutely no justification for such an assumption. No Democratic statesman has said anything upon which such a belief could be founded. The Democratic position in regard to silver has not been altered in the slightest degree by the improvement in business. Those who think otherwise are either the victims of their own illusions or they have been deceived by the paltering and insincere course of certain Democratic leaders in Republican States.

"The St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* publishes an interview with Gov. Stephens, of Missouri which expresses exactly the present feeling of Democrats, and coincides with all expressions on the same subject made by Democrats since the revival of business began, with the exception that some Democrats, in the first weeks of the revival, were less convinced of the existence of good times. Gov. Stephens says that 'the cities of Missouri have gone right ahead wonderfully in advance of other cities. We have no bank failures, money is plentiful and our people are very hopeful and encouraged. At present we are very full of business, and you would hardly be able to tell a Democrat from a Republican until the next political fight.'

"When the next fight begins, however, the distinction between a Democrat and a Republican will be what it was in 1896. The prosperity which Governor Stephens admits so heartily has not changed his or any other Missouri Democrat's financial views:

"'The sentiment in Missouri is distinctly in favor of silver, and no power on earth could change it. The Eastern feeling in the other direction has no effect upon us whatever. We are enthusiastic for silver. We feel that this prosperity is only temporary, and while we hope that it will turn out to be permanent, we cannot fail to observe that it depends on the crops. We are for free coinage for principle, not for what money we can make out of it. There will be no opposition to Mr. Bryan in the West and South as matters stand to-day.'

Prosperity is making a good many Democrats comfortable, but it has not yet weakened their allegiance to free silver."

The *Sun* insists that the issue of 1900 will be the issue of 1896, and that if the opponents of silver hope to win they must pool their issues and fight together as they did then, and subordinate every issue to the fight for gold.

⁂

The indications are, as the result of Governor Russell's action in the matter of the railway commissioners, J. W. Wilson and S. Otho Wilson, and its endorsement by Senator Butler, for a pretty lively scrimmage later on between S. Otho and the Senator, with the making of whom S. Otho had a good deal to do. He intimates that he may add some interesting and heretofore unwritten chapters to the political history as made by Mr. Butler, and the peculiar part he, Butler, took in it, and the ways and devices by which he wormed his way into the Senate. Mr. Wilson can doubtless tell a great deal if he will, for he was in it from the start, and an active and conspicuous factor in the devilment. Bolder, blunter, ruder and with less policy than the gentleman who worked and wriggled into the Senate, he went straight for what he wanted and didn't scruple much as to the methods employed, and thereby came very near getting himself into serious trouble, and this is what rankles him now when Butler turns against him and repays his support with what he doubtless regards as base ingratitude. The outcome of this racket may be another illustration of the truth of the old saying, "when rogues fall out, &c."

⁂

The law of supply and demand is all right, and works all right when it is not interfered with. We hear much about it from the gold advocates, who attribute the low price of silver to the lack of demand, and from the high protective tariff advocates, who attribute the increased price in manufactured articles to the increased demand; but neither are consistent or logical, for both interfere with the law of supply and demand, and so legislate as to destroy the demand in one case and interfere with the supply in the other, by doing which they increase the demand. The gold man combines and legislates so as to limit the uses of silver, thus narrowing the markets, decreasing the demand and reducing the price; while the high tariff man combines and so legislates as to exclude foreign manufactures, thus decreasing the supply, increasing the demand for articles made at home and raising the price. The law of supply and demand about which they talk so much and upon which they lay so much stress, hasn't a fair show in either case, is tampered with, and a low price *forced* in one and high prices in the other.

TWINKLINGS.

— Wickwire—There can be no doubt that our currency is defective.

Mudge—I don't know about that, but I know it is woefully deficient.—*Indianapolis Journal*

— She—"Oh, how delightful it would be to drift on like this forever and ever!"

He (who has hired the boat) "Not at 75 cents an hour."—*Leslie's Weekly.*

— One of the wisest sayings credited to Dr. Samuel Johnson was that it is worth £10,000 a year to a man always to be able to see the bright side of things.

— Miss Summerleigh—"Do you think I read too much poetry?"

Dashleigh—"Well, the great danger in reading poetry is that you may be tempted to write some!"—*Puck.*

— Mrs Cumso is a shrewd woman.

What makes you think so?

She attached a cyclometer to the lawn mower and gives Cumso a tin medal every time he scores a century.

— Mrs. Henpeck—"What makes you talk so much in your sleep, Joseph?"

Henpeck—"Great Scott, Maria! It's the only chance I ever get."—*Tit Bits.*

— "It is true," said Stormington Barnes, "that no man can hope to succeed in a profession without a great deal of study. I expect to put in this entire Summer studying."

"A new play?"

"No. Economy."—*Washington Star.*

— Husband—I've some bad news for you my dear. That old bachelor brother of mine has failed—lost his entire fortune.

Wife—Oh, John, how dreadful! And just as we had named the baby after him.—*Tit Bits.*

— Isaacs—"I tried to read vun of dem Scotch nofels; but, I dells you, dat dialect is ridigulus."

Cohenstein—"So?"

Isaacs—"It's awful. T'ink of callin' a body of vater 'a burn!'"—*Puck.*

— "Does your wife object to your staying out so late at nights?"

"A little; but what really raises her wrath is for me to come home so quietly that she doesn't know when I got in."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— "Safe at last!" The electricity-working up to date-1897-model-burglar smiled and sighed a big sigh of relief. "It was a close shave——." He wiped his forehead wearily. "——but at last the reporters have taken it up Now I can rest easy."—*Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune*

— "You look worried," said the improvident man's friend.

"I am slightly annoyed. I am having difficulty about getting a check cashed."

"Why, that ought to be easy."

"It's like a great many other things. It's easy enough when you get started. My trouble is that I can't get anybody to write the check."—*Washington Star.*

'Only nervous" is a sure indication that the blood is not pure Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and cures nervousness. †

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— A Boston organization of men and women has for an object the abolition of marriage. But even that intellectual city could hardly progress on the Cradle of Liberty alone.—*Philadelphia Times, Dem.*

—— Occasionally one meets an individual with a new remedy for the salvation of the Democratic party. As it is really amusing to hear with what apparent sincerity such men propose to save the Democracy from disintegration by proposing to elect Republicans in the place of Democrats.—*Richmond State, Dem.*

—— It is reported that the Czar and the Sultan have concluded arrangements to stand by each other, and it is certain that King Humbert and the Kaiser have at the same time been exchanging effusive sentiments. It is a great Fall for the zweibunds and the dreibunds. It hasnt appeared as yet, however, that the era of good felling has cut down the military budgets; but there is still time to inaugurate the new century with at least a movement toward disarmament.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— It is not in Georgia or South Carolina, but in the county of Lancaster, in the heart of the State of Pennsylvania, that the burning of a man's home by an incendiary is condoned by the sentiment of the community because the owner of the home, who was accused of a crime, succeeded in avoiding punishment for a year by dilatory legal tactics. He is in prison now, however, and the burning of his house deprives his family, not himself, of shelter.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

Soap Bubble Bric-a-brac.

The soap bubble can now be rightfully classed among the bric-a-brac that makes our mantel charming. It is the result of a liquid obtained by dissolving a part of castile or marseilles soap, previously cut into thin shavings, in 40 parts of water. When the solution is cold, it is filtered. This liquid is allowed to stand, after being mixed with 2 parts of glycerin to 3 parts of the solution. After a few days a white substance will rise to the top of the mixture and all beneath it will be perfectly clear. The clear portion is called glyceric liquid, and the bubbles it forms are of such strength that they may be kept in the open air of a room for three hours if supported on a ring of iron 1½ inches in diameter, or allowed to rest on some soft woolen fabric. If kept under a glass shade, the bubble may remain unbroken for three days.

It is difficult to imagine how charming such a bubble can be made. Fill it with tobacco smoke blown in through the stem of the pipe which the bubble has been blown by, and the sphere assumes a solid appearance. These bubbles are called Japanese crystals, and they sometimes look as if they were clouded quartz.—Exchange.

The Children's Garden.

Wherever possible a little plot of ground should be devoted to the raising of herbs, more especially where there are little children in the family. Mint, sage, rue and horehound are all valuable as remedial agents. Sage tea is to be recommended in cases where there is excessive perspiration during sleep. It is also good for those who spit blood from the stomach. Rue tea is excellent for the baby when he has colic. It is also good in cases of nervousness. Horehound is invaluable to use for colds, as teas, sirups, etc. Thyme and tansy also have their uses, and should have a place in the garden.—New York Ledger.

A Nice Distinction.

"He made his money in wheat, didn't he?"

"No—wheat prices."—Chicago Journal.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Greenville *Reflector:* Undertaker Green informs us of the death of Mrs. Elihu Briley, which occurred at her home, five miles from town, on Sunday.

— Washington *Progress:* The crops in the Aurora section this year are the finest they have been in thirty years. The farmers in that section smile when you ask them about the crops.

— Durham *Sun:* There seems to be a regular epidemic of fever out in the neighborhood of Orange Factory. We understand that some of the drinking water has been analyzed, and is thought to be unquestionably the cause. Physicians are kept busy attending patients.

— Goldsboro *Headlight:* A travelling colored preacher was up before Mayor Hill Saturday morning for loud preaching on the streets and carrying a razor concealed on his person. Judgment was suspended in the former charge, but in the latter case he was bound over to court in the sum of $50 and is now in jail.

— Kinston *Free Press:* Sheriff Dixon, of Greene county, received a letter from the mother of Dock Black, who was hanged last week, instructing him to dispose of the body to the medical profession and send her the money. She says he left her when he was only 15 years of age, and when he was condemned to be hung was the first time she had heard from him.

— Pender *Star:* One night last week, at Rocky Point, Mr. Robert Futch had the misfortune to lose his dwelling, barns and stables by fire. He saved nothing from either. It was the work of fire-bugs. —— Last Friday night Arnold Johnson, one of Pender's thriftiest colored farmers, lost his stables and barns by fire, which was caused by incendiary. He lost all his forage and one fine horse. —— Monday night Peter Johnson, a brother of Arnold Johnson, discovered his barns and outbuildings to be on fire. He managed to save his stock, but was unfortunate to lose all of his fodder and considerable corn held over from last year. This was, also, undoubtedly the work of fire fiends.

— Rocky Mount *Motor:* Isaac, or Ike Young, the negro who was murderously assaulted on Saturday night and placed on the railroad main line opposite Soden's Ridge that the incoming fast train might complete the savage work, was discovered in time and removed to a place of safety. He is still unconscious and therefore unable to give the officers the names of his assailants Charles Hunter and Julia Joyner, both colored, were arrested as accomplices in the deadly affair and locked up. Later the woman was discharged, having proven her innocence to the satisfaction of the justice before whom she was brought. The man is still held awaiting the result of Young's injuries. —— The Garrett Brothers, of King's Mountain, have just discovered an inexhaustible mine of fine anthracite coal on their 11,000 acre tract in Gaston and Cleveland counties. They will not consider an offer of a half million dollars for the same. Mrs. Dr. Hilliard, of this place, and Miss Loulie Garrett, her sister, own a one-sixth interest in these mines.

POWER OF FRUGALITY.

Showing How Easily a Big Fortune Can Be Accumulated.

Frugality is the cornerstone of wealth. Unhappily, however, there are few who realize the truth of this maxim, or at least who exemplify it in the practical affairs of life. With the same prudent and economic habits which characterized the founders of some of our great American fortunes, there is no reason why thousands who are now struggling on the ragged edge of poverty should not be in prosperous circumstances, if not indeed rich.

But the spirit of the age is opposed to such primitive and obsolete methods of money making. They belong to a past generation. Financiering is the modern substitute for old time saving, while extravagance has everywhere taken the place of frugality. Young men with ample salaries and bright prospects in life, who could easily put away something each month, prefer either to squander their incomes in riotous living or else make shipwreck of their opportunities by rushing headlong into speculative enterprises without consulting the advice of older heads. Whatever may be said of the slow methods of acquiring wealth which are now despised in certain quarters, they do not lack the charm of honesty, and while they may not give rise to colossal fortunes in a single night they are less apt to end in disgrace and failure.

What the young men of this generation need to be taught is that patience is a virtue and that corruption wins not more than honesty. With these simple maxims implanted in their minds they will be content to look for wealth in the beaten paths of safety and not in the byways of deceit and crookedness. Some few weeks ago one of the leading papers of the country published a table showing the results of legitimate accumulation which one might reasonably expect in 50 years. The table deals with small savings only and calculates that by laying aside a copper cent daily one can accumulate $950 in 50 years. This amount, in addition to actual savings, includes interest at the rate of 6 per cent. The following figures are taken from the table above cited:

Put aside daily.	In fifty years.
One cent	$950
Ten cents	9,500
Twenty cents	19,000
Thirty cents	28,500
Fifty cents	47,500
One dollar	95,000
Five dollars	475,000

These figures contain abundant food for thought and should encourage the young men of our country to greater zeal and effort, especially in the line of legitimate saving. Without frugality there can be no lasting or genuine prosperity, and the sooner this truth is learned the better it will be for those who covet riches.—Atlanta Constitution.

The Currant Worm.

A gardener, one of the observant, old fashioned sort who knows that the best sap comes from hill maple trees and all those shades of plant and tree lore, gives a suggestion that may be of value to suburban residents. It is in relation to the currant worm, which he says can be kept away, or if established, driven away, by a sprig of pine thrust in the center of each bush.

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed when the languid, exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA. The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

SHAH AND LASSIES.

The Monarch Witnessed a Highland Fling by Five Hundred Scotch Maids.

"When I was at the Paris exhibition," said Malcom Duncan of Glasgow, "the shah of Persia was one of the honored guests. He was a good soul. Western civilization had made an impression on him, and no ruler in the orient had a profounder respect for the wonders that British and American genius have accomplished. Western trade and commerce had no more liberal or intelligent patron than this same shah. Persia lost a liberal ruler when the assassin's bullet laid him low. But this has naught to do with my story.

"One night the shah visited one of the French theaters of the lower grade. When he arrived, the house was full. The oriental monarch received the best the house afforded, but that was not even one exclusive box. The shah and his friends were ushered into one of the front boxes. In it sat a typical Scotchman, staid and solemn as his race. In the course of the evening a lithe limbed danseuse capered nimbly upon the stage. Instantly the shah was all attention. He feasted his eye on the gyrating form and even forgot his kingly dignity in his admiration for the actress. Persia's proud ruler sat in front of the Scot, who was the only occupant of the box when his party arrived. When his enthusiasm carried him to his feet, the Scot's vision was obscured. Shah or no shah, the Scot had paid to see the show, and see the show he proposed to do.

"Laying a heavy hand on the shoulder of the oriental despot, the Scot said: 'If you ever come to Scotland, ask for MacKenzie, the laird of Kintoul. He'll show you better things than Paris ever saw.'

"The earnestness of the Scot impressed the shah even more than his heavy hand. MacKenzie, the laird of Kintoul, was a name that lodged in his memory, the more because with it was associated the promise of sights to the Persian yet unknown. A few months thereafter it befell that the shah, in the course of his trip through the British isles, visited Scotland. The laird of Kintoul's invitation still rung in his ears. Inquiry revealed that MacKenzie was the head of a numerous and powerful clan, and the shah went out of his course to meet him and remind him of his promise.

"The highland chief is the soul of honor. He felt complimented by the visit and in duty bound to make good his promise. The fair lassies for all the country round were assembled in the laird's ancestral castle. Five hundred young women tossed their slippers skyward at the first note of the Scotch bagpipe. Then 500 plaid clad forms gyrated through the movements of an old fashioned highland fling. Those thousand feet, that stole boldly out and then modestly retired beneath the shelter of Scotia's national colors, made a sight which the harems of the sultan and the feasts of the east could not equal. The shah was captivated. He glided into the midst of the feminine throng, and a pretty lassie who is now married to a Glasgow shipbuilder has the honor of being the only woman with whom Persia's ruler danced during his visit in Queen Victoria's domains. In my part of Scotland the shah and his visit to the laird of Kintoul is still one of the subjects of neighborly gossip."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

No Wonder the Son Was Surprised.

A melodrama was some years since played in a certain theater, the chief actor in which had made himself, from his overbearing conduct, disliked by one and all. In the last scene he was supposed to visit the tombs of his ancestors. In the center of the stage, upon a marble pedestal, stood the statue of his father. A heavy fold of drapery covered the figure.

Enter Albert. "Once again," he says, "let me gaze upon those features which in life so often beamed with tenderest affection. Father, thy mourning son now comes to pay thee reverence. Let me remove the veil which from vulgar gaze shields the image of a once dear parent!"

The drapery fell aside, and behold the father stood upon his head! The effect cannot be described. It was electric. The shouts of laughter which followed effectively put an end to the scene, which changed to the next as quickly as possible, amid the bravos of the audience, the anger of the manager, and the uncontrollable rage of the actor.—London Tit-Bits.

First Thermometer.

The first thermometer was made in 1621 by a Dutch physicist named Cornelius Van Drebbell and consisted of a tube filled with air, closed at its upper end, and dipping at its other extremity, which was open, in a bottle of nitric acid diluted with water. As the temperature rose or fell the air in the tube increased or grew less in volume, and consequently the liquid descended or rose. This instrument is now known as an air thermometer, but as its measurements were based on no fixed principle it was of little use.

Egg Feeding Snake.

There is one species of snake, in the genus deirodon, which feeds exclusively upon the eggs of small birds. Its teeth are very small and are soon lost. The eggs are swallowed whole, and when passing through the gullet are broken by a device somewhat similar to the gizzard.

One learned doctor advises housekeepers not to buy milk from any but the best dairies, as bad milk is a prolific source of contagion.

The leaves of California cucumbers are excellent substitutes for grape leaves to serve as table decorations with grapes.

Stands at the Head.

Aug. J. Bogel, the leading druggist of Shreveport, La., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the only thing that cures my cough, and it is the best seller I have." J. F. Campbell, merchant of Safford, Aris., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is all that is claimed for it; it never fails and is a sure cure for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I cannot say enough for its merits." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is not an experiment. It has been tried for a quarter of a century, and to-day stands at the head. It never disappoints. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA. The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Hood's Pills

Cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache, sour stomach, indigestion, constipation. They act easily, without pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

A TIGERISH TURKISH MOB.

Murderous Bludgeon Men In the Streets of Constantinople.

Such men as the bludgeon men one does not often see in the streets of Constantinople. Of the better class of Turks there were none among them. They were of a class like the wharf rats and longshoremen of western lands. They were of all shades of color, from the white skinned Laz and Circassian to the brown and hook nosed Kurd and the coal black Nubian from Africa. Their faces were a study of fearful passions. There were faces seamed and scarred like the head of a fighting bulldog; faces distorted by malice and greed; faces seared, as by fire, case hardened in ignorance of all except vice and ferocious as an angry tiger. Some of those faces burned their way into my memory and remained for days, a haunting revelation of brutal instincts and beastly desires which made one wonder how it was possible to have lived in safety for weeks in a city containing such men.

These men were not armed, in the common sense of the word. Some of them had revolvers, and the most of them had knives. But they seldom used either, for awkward questions might be raised if the police were called to account for failing to arrest armed civilians on the streets. Carrying ax helves, pickax handles, heavy clubs, like baseball bats; jagged fragments of broken scantling—carrying anything that can crush the skull of man—this horrible rabble flooded the streets of all Christian quarters of the city, like an all desolating tidal wave, silent but irresistible. Their silence by day was almost as terrible as their howls by night. They would be seen going along the street, when they would meet an Armenian who had ventured to attempt to reach his home. Without a word they would break in his skull and go on their way, entirely unmoved and hardly having spoken a loud word. If resistance was offered, they had only to say, "The Giaours resist!" and a horde of their fellows would come running from all directions to destroy one who had proved his seditious quality by daring to resist a Mussulman.—"A Bystander's Notes of a Massacre," by Yvan Troshine, in Scribner's.

A Shade Winder.

"You open the drawer in the kitchen nearest the hall and on a tin pie plate you will find a steel fork."

That is what Mrs. Billtops said to Mr. Billtops when he had asked for something with which to wind up the unwound spring in the roller of a window shade. Did Mr. Billtops find the steel fork on the tin pie plate in the drawer nearest the hall in the kitchen? Well, ask him! He did, and he not only found it there, but he found it with the sharp points of its primly parallel prongs pointed safely away from him and its handle conveniently within reach.

He carried the fork into the dining room, but there Mrs. Billtops took it from him and wound up the shade herself. Mr. Billtops observed that the tines of the fork were just wide enough apart to fit snugly over the flat sided spindle of the fixture so that it was perfectly easy to twist the spring up with it. He learned, indeed, that Mrs. Billtops kept this fork for the express purpose of winding up window shades, and when he had seen her wind up this spring with it, and then throw the little side piece that held it into place again with a single touch of a hairpin—why, he was more than ever convinced, if that was possible, that Mrs. Billtops was a wonderful woman.—New York Sun.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—		
2 ℔ Jute	6¾ @	7
Standard	@	7⅜
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℘ ℔	12 @	14
Sides ℘ ℔	6 @	7
Shoulders ℘ ℔	6 @	6¼
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℘ ℔	[illegible] @	6½
Shoulders ℘ ℔	@	6
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00 @	1 10
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	1 30 @	1 40
BEESWAX ℘ ℔	22 @	23
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℘ M	6 00 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℘ ℔	10 @	16
Northern	18 @	25
CORN MEAL—		
Per Bushel, in sacks	@	47½
Virginia Meal	@	48½
COTTON TIES—℘ bundle	@	75
CANDLES—℘ ℔—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	8 @	10
CHEESE—℘ ℔—		
Northern Factory	11 @	12½
Dairy, Cream	12 @	13
State	@	10
COFFEE—℘ ℔—		
Laguyra	20 @	
Rio	8 @	11
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℘ yard	@	6¼
Yarns, ℘ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS—℘ dozen	11 @	12½
FISH—		
Mackerel, No 1, ℘ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℘ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℘ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℘ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℘ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℘ barrel	4 00 @	4 25
Mullets, ℘ pork barrel	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℘ keg	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ℘ ℔	5 @	10
" Extra	3 35 @	3 50
FLOUR—℘ barrel—		
Low grade	3 75 @	4 00
Choice	@	5 00
Straight	@	5 25
First Patent	5 35 @	5 75
GLUE—℘ ℔—	7½ @	8½
GRAIN—℘ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	@	50
Car load, in bags—White	@	50
Oats, from store	@	30
Oats, Rust Proof	37½ @	40
Cow Peas	60 @	65
HIDES, ℘ ℔—		
Green	@	6
Dry	@	8
HAY, ℘ 100 ℔s—		
Clover Hay	80 @	85
Rice Straw	@	50
Eastern	@	1 00
Western	90 @	95
North River	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℘ ℔	1⅜ @	2
LARD, ℘ ℔—		
Northern	5¾ @	6
North Carolina	6 @	10
LIME, ℘ barrel	1 15 @	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℘ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ℘ gallon—		
Barbados, in hhds	@	26
" " in bbls	@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	@	26
" in bbls	@	28
Sugar-House, in hhds	12 @	14
" in bbls	14 @	15
Syrup, in bbls	12 @	15
NAILS, ℘ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 50 @	10 00
PORK, ℘ barrel—		
City Mess	9 50 @	10 00
Rump	@	9 25
Prime	@	9 25
ROPE, ℘ ℔	10 @	22
SALT, ℘ sack, Alum	@	75
Liverpool	@	80
Lisbon	@	
American	40 @	60
On 125 ℔ Sacks	@	60
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℘ M	5 00 @	6 50
Common	1 80 @	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50 @	3 50
SUGAR, ℘ ℔—Standard Granu'd	@	[illegible]
Standard A	@	[illegible]
White Ex. C	@	[illegible]
Extra C, Golden	@	[illegible]
C, Yellow	@	[illegible]
SOAP, ℘ ℔—Northern	3¼ @	4
STAVES, ℘ M—W. O. barrel	8 00 @	14 00
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℘ M feet—Shipping	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	[illegible] @	4 50
Common Mill	[illegible] @	[illegible]
Inferior to Ordinary	@	[illegible]
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed		
℘ M 6x24 heart	7 50 @	8 50
" Sap	5 00 @	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50 @	5 00
" Sap	4 00 @	4 50
6x30 Heart	6 00 @	6 50
" Sap	5 00 @	5 50
TALLOW, ℘ ℔	4 @	[illegible]
WHISKEY, ℘ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	2 00
North Carolina	1 00 @	2 25
WOOL ℘ ℔—Unwashed	8 @	13

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, September 9.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 28 cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 27½ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 15 per bbl for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.10 per bbl of 280 ℔s.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm: $1.30 per barrel for Hard, 1.80 for Dip and 1.90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine quiet, 21⅝c; steady, 21½c; rosin firm, $1.35, $1.40; tar steady, $1 05; crude turpentine quiet and steady, $1 20, 1.55, 1 65.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	86
Rosin	350
Tar	110
Crude Turpentine	27

Receipts same day last year—88 casks spirits turpentine, 645 bbls rosin, 167 bbls tar, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 6 13-16c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	4 7-16	cts ℘ ℔
Good Ordinary	5 13-16	" "
Low Middling	6 7-16	" "
Middling	6 13-16	" "
Good Middling	7⅛	" "

Same day last year, middling 7⅞c.

Receipts—994 bales; same day last year, 1,468.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 55@60c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 70c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK. Sept. 9—Evening.—Money on call easy at 1¼@1½ per cent., last loan at 1¼ and closed offered 1¼@1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3¾@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange was easier; actual business in bankers' bills at 486@486¼ for demand; 483¾@484 for sixty days. Posted rates 484½@485 and 486½@487. Commercial bills 482½. Silver certificates 53@54. Government bonds were firm; new fours, registered, 125; new fours, coupon, 126; fours, registered, 111¾; fours, coupon, 113½; twos, registered, 98; fives, registered, 114; fives, coupon, 114. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 126; North Carolina fours 102½. Railroad bonds strong.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Sept. 9—Rosin steady; strained common to good $1 45@1 50. Spirits turpentine steady at 30½@31.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 9.—Spirits turpentine was firm at 27½c; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — barrels; A B, $1 10; C, D $1 15; E $1 20. F $1 25, G $1 30 H $1 40, I, $1 45, K $1 45, M $1 50 N $1 70 W G $1 95; W W $2 20.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 9.—Spirits turpentine opened firm at 28c, with sales of 150 casks; closed firm at 27⅞c; no sales; receipts 1,255 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 2,082 barrels; receipts 2,138 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 9—Cotton opened steady at an advance of 1 to 2 points on better cables than were expected and some buying by New Orleans and Liverpool. Fears that to-morrow's Government report will show a very bullish condition, led the more timid shorts to cover and caused hesitation against selling among even the most confident bears. Another strengthening feature was the complaint of damage to the crop in the Eastern and Central portions of the Cotton Belt. Rumors that 2,000 notices were out and only partially taken care of, checked buying just before the close. The market closed quiet at an advance of 2 to 6 points.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—Evening.—Cotton quiet; middling 7½c.

Cotton futures market closed quiet; sales 77,200 bales; Jan'y 6 84, Feb'y 6 87, March 6 90, April 6 93, May 6 96, July —, August —, September 7 04, October 6 87, November 6 78, December 6 80.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 7½c; middling gulf 7⅞c; sales 186 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 394 bales; gross 4 651 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent —— bales; forwarded 2,981 bales; sales —— bales; sales to spinners 106 bales; stock (actual) 44,040 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 12,348 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent —— bales; stock 116,951 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 75 856 bales; exports to Great Britain 9,642 bales; to France 3,473 bales; to the Continent 2,997 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 95,868 bales; exports to Great Britain 11,678 bales; exports to France 7,146 bales; exports to the Continent 3,223 bales.

Sept. 9.—Galveston, steady at 7, net receipts 4,870 bales; Norfolk, nominal at 7, net receipts 191 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 7⅛, net receipts — bales; Boston, easy at 7⅛, net receipts 280 bales; Wilmington, quiet at 6 13 16, net receipts 994 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 7¾ net receipts — bales; Savannah, quiet at 6½, net receipts 4,006 bales; New Orleans, easy at 6⅝, net receipts 755 bales; Mobile, quiet at 6⅝, net receipts 330 bales; Memphis, easy at 7, net receipts 73 bales; Augusta, steady at 6 11 16, net receipts 1 892 bales; Charleston, steady at 6½, net receipts 1,038 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9—Evening.—Flour—receipts 26,298 barrels; steady. Wheat—receipts 91,575 bushels; exports 144,996 bushels; spot strong; No. 2 red $1 06½ f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 hard $1 06 delivered; options opened lower in consequence of weak cables, but turned strong and advanced all day on buying in Russia, coupled with a fair export demand and general covering; closed 1@1⅝c net higher; No 2 red May $1 00½@1 01½, closed 1 01½; September $1 03½@1 04½, closed 1 04½; December $1 00@1 01 5 16, closed 1 01½. Corn—spot firm; No. 2, 37c at elevator and 37⅝c afloat; options opened a shade easier under weak cables, but recovered later on unfavorable crop reports and the sharp rise in wheat, closing at ⅜@½c net advance; September 36⅝@37, closed 37c; October closed 37½@37⅝c, closed 37⅝; December 38¼@38 15-16c, closed 38⅝c. Oats—spot firmer; No. 2, 24½@24¾c; options quiet but stronger on the enormous export demand, closing ⅛@⅜c net higher; September 24⅛@24¾, closed 24⅝c; October 24⅝@25c, closed 25c; December 25⅝@26c, closed 25c. Lard was dull; Western steam $5 20, October closed $5 07; refined quiet. Pork quiet. Butter steady; Western creamery 13@18c; factory 8@12c; Elgins 18c; imitation creamery 10@15; State dairy 10@16½; do. creamery 13@18. Cheese steady; State large, white 9, fancy small white 9½c; large, colored 9c; small colored 9½c; part skims 6¼@7; full skims 3½@4c. Rice firm. Molasses firm. Tallow weak; city ($2 00 per package) 3⅝@3¾; country (packages free) 3⅝@3¾c, as to quality. Cotton seed oil quiet. Petroleum dull and easy; refined New York $5 70; Philadelphia and Baltimore 5 65; do. in bulk $3 15. Coffee—options closed barely steady, with prices 5 points net lower to 5 higher; spot Rio steady; Cordova 10½@16½; sales 1,100 bags Maracaibo on private terms. Sugar—raw strong; fair refining 3⅜c; centrifugal 96 test 3⅞c; refined strong; granulated 5½c.

CHICAGO, September 9—Wheat took another step towards the dollar mark to day, the December option closing at 97⅝c, or 1⅞c above yesterday's closing. Heavy seaboard engagements and bad reports of continental crops were conspicuous factors in the advance. Corn was strong on bad crop reports and predictions of frost, and closed ⅜ to ½c higher. Oats advanced ⅛ to ⅜c. Provisions closed 7½c higher for pork but 2½ to 5c lower for ribs.

CHICAGO, Sept. 9.—Cash quotations: Flour—market was quoted very firm. Wheat—No. 2 spring 98c; No. 3 spring 91½c; No. 2 red $1 00c. Corn—No. 2, 31½c. Oats—No. 2 20c; No. 2 white f. o. b. 25c; No. 3 white f. o. b. 21c. Mess pork per barrel, $8 65. Lard, per 100 ℔s —. Short rib sides, loose.—. Dry salted shoulders, boxed. $5 75. Short clear sides, boxed, $5 87½. Whiskey $1 22.

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—September 96¾, 98½, 96¾, 98½; December (new) 95¾, 98½, 98, 96c; May 96½, 98, 95, 97⅝c. Corn—September 30¾, 31½, 30¾, 31½; December 33¾, 33½, 33¾ 33¾; May 36½, 36¾, 36½, 36¾c. Oats—No. 2 September 19½, 20, 19¾, 20c; December 20¾, 21½, 20¾, 20¾c; May 23¾, 24, 23¾, 24c. Mess pork—October $8 65, 8 65, 8 60, 8 62½; December $8 70, 8 75, 8 60, 8 70. Lard—October $4 77½, 4 80, 4 75, 4 75; December $4 85, 4 87½, 4 82½, 4 82½. Short ribs—September $5 45, 5 47½, 5 45, 5 47½; October $5 47½, 5 50 5 45 5 50.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 9.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat strong: spot and month $1 02@1.02½; October $1.02 bid; December $1 03½ bid; steamer No. 2 red 97½@97¾c; Southern wheat by sample 98@$1.03½; do on grade 99c@$1.03. Corn strong; spot and month 36⅝@36⅝c; November or December, new or old, 36½c bid; steamer mixed 34¾@34⅞c bid; Southern white corn 37c; do yellow 38c. Oats firm; No. 2 white 28@28½c; No. 2 mixed 21@22c.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 9.—4 P. M.—Cotton—Spot in fair demand and prices firm; American middling fair 4½d; good middling 4 9-32d; American middling 4⅛d; low middling 4d; good ordinary 3⅞d; ordinary 3 11 16d. The sales of the day were 12,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export, and included 10 900 American. Receipts 100 bales, all of which were American. Futures opened quiet with a moderate demand and closed very steady. American middling (l m c): September 4d seller; September and October 3 57-64d seller; October and November 3 50 64d seller, November and December 3 46 64d value; December and January 3 45-64d seller; January and February 3 44 64@3 45 64d buyer; February and March 3 45 64d buyer; March and April 3 46 64d seller; April and May 3 46 64@3 47 64d buyer; May and June 3 47 64@3 48 64d buyer; June and July 3 48-64@3 49 64d buyer.

MARINE.

CLEARED.

Schr Bayard Hopkins, 213 tons, Eskridge, Georgetown, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 10, 1897.

SCHOONERS.

Chas C Lister, 266 tons, Robinson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co

Jennie Hall, 363 tons, Leighton, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

R S Graham, 320 tons, Outten, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Edgar C Ross, 380 tons, Quillen, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

J C Cottingham, 236 tons, Thomas Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Roger Moore, 277 tons, Miller, Jas T Riley & Co.

BARQUES.

Nord America (Ital), 558 tons, Capero, Jas T Riley & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Naparima (Br), 1,043 tons, Alex Grimley, Alex Sprunt & Son.

Hawkhurst (Br), 1 538 tons, Watson, Alex Sprunt & Co.

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Best Quality, Full Weight

Flour, Bacon, Sugar,

Lard, Molasses,

MEAL, SALT, LIME, CEMENT,

Plaster, Hay, Corn, Hoop Iron,

OATS, RIVETS, GLUE.

Bagging and Ties

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AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of* [signature] *on every wrapper. This is the original* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.* LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought on the and has the signature of* [signature] *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 8, 1897. Samuel Pitcher, M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"
BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Exploring the Upper Niger.

After an absence of three years the expedition under Lieutenant Hourst has safely returned to Europe from the Niger. The party ascended the Senegal river and then carried the sections of an aluminium boat overland to the upper part of the Niger. On reaching this river the pieces of the boat were put together and two native boats purchased. In these the expedition sailed down the Niger to Timbuktu, where a stay of ten months was made. The voyage from Timbuktu to Lokoja, at the confluence of the Niger and Benue, seems to have been arduous, but from that point the expedition was towed by a launch belonging to the Royal Niger company to the coast at Wari. How much fresh topographical information Lieutenant Hourst's party has obtained is not yet stated. This will depend on the highest point reached on the Niger. Reuter's message states that the expedition "first met the river Niger at Kayes," but that town is on the Senegal river. There can be no doubt, however, that much valuable scientific information was obtained, for the expedition traveled slowly and was admirably equipped. One novelty was the use of a phonograph for reporting the native war songs. The expedition kept peace with the natives throughout the journey, in which it differs greatly from some of those previously conducted by French explorers in that region.—Nature.

A Story of Cecil Rhodes.

Often mentioned is Cecil Rhodes' dislike to women and the fact that he will not allow a female to serve him in any way. He had a secretary to whom he was much attached. One day he announced the fact that he was going to be married. The chief was thunderstruck, and after glaring at him for a second growled out, "Where the devil am I to get another secretary?" and then walked out of the room and banged the door. His innate goodness of heart, however, prevailed after a bit, for he presented the bride with some lovely diamonds, and when, soon after, he left for England he lent the young couple his carriages and horses, so that the offending bride was enabled to return her wedding calls at his expense! It never occurred to him, however, to keep his favorite secretary on. The mere fact of his marrying put that quite out of the pale of possibility.

Sale of "Arabian Nights."

The late Sir Richard Burton's translation of the "Arabian Nights" was sold out in ten days and brought $80,000, upon which he and his wife lived royally for five years. At his death but $2 remained of the sum, and Lady Burton deposited it in the poorbox of her church.

The eye of a fly is so constructed as to bring the entire horizon within his circle of observation, a fact which explains the extreme alertness of these insects in escaping attack.

Every Wife

feels an indescribable dread of the danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy, but the suffering and danger of the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery.

Mother's Friend

a thoroughly tested remedy, gently prepares the system for this period, lessens the pain, and removes all danger. Its use insures a safe and happy termination of the dreaded event.

$1.00 PER BOTTLE at all Drug Stores, or sent by express on receipt of price.

BOOKS FREE Containing invaluable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address upon application, by

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

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FASHIONS CHANGE
BUT
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Complexion
POWDER
REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless; and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

BABY.

WHEN BABY LAUGHS.

"There's nothing half so sweet in life,"
No cup of joy to quaff,
Nor rich a treat as dimpled cheeks
When baby tries to laugh.

WHEN BABY CRIES.

Nor anything so tart of taste
As when good nature dies
In vain attempt to "stop that noise,"
When baby cries and cries.

WHETHER BABY LAUGHS OR CRIES.

And nothing half so sweet or dear
As lovelit baby eyes,
Or a pressure close from baby lips,
Whether baby laughs or cries.
—Clark W. Bryan in Good Housekeeping.

AUDACIOUS KISSANE.

The Rogue and Forger Was a Typical Soldier of Fortune.

The hero of the following story, Kissane, had been a prominent business man in Cincinnati. He was tried with others and acquitted on the charge of burning the steamboat Martha Washington to secure insurance, and afterward was sent to the penitentiary for a large bank forgery:

Into the Walker Nicaragua expedition, made up for the most part of "men of strong character, tired of the humdrum of common life and ready for a career which might bring them the sweets of adventure or the rewards of fame," Kissane now, on coming out of the penitentiary, threw himself with all the abandon of his daring nature. He arrived at Nicaragua Feb. 1, 1856. Under an assumed name he was soon appointed and commissioned assistant commanding general, with the rank of major, and ordered to take charge of the commissariat of the army. He showed such ability that Walker soon promoted him. For eight or nine months he had the entire finances of the country in his hands, and but for his careful management the filibustering scheme, it is conceded, would have met an earlier defeat.

When General Walker marched to Rivas, he left Granada in charge of Kissane. The latter made sudden sallies on the neighboring haciendas, and, capturing the wives and daughters of prominent Nicaraguans, held them as hostages to be exchanged for money or provisions. He is reputed to have made a fortune in the sale of confiscated haciendas and vouchers. Under his direction cathedrals and convents and private dwellings were pillaged of gold, silver and jewels. The plunder, which filled six large cedar chests, was melted, packed in small bulk and shipped to New Orleans. Robed in priestly vestments and carrying the holy eucharist, Kissane led a triumphant procession through the streets of Granada. His audacity and bravery won him devoted followers. Few, if any, of his companions in arms suspected his early history. Nevertheless the tropics did not shield him wholly from memory of the past. Recognizing in one of the youthful followers of the army the son of a man who had testified against him in the Martha Washington case, Kissane had the young man arrested on some trumped up charge and shot down in cold blood.

At the collapse of the expedition Kissane caused to be published in the papers accounts of the heroic death of himself under his new name. Meanwhile he escaped from the country to Panama on board the United States sloop of war St. Mary's, Captain Davis.
—Lida Rose McCabe in McClure's.

Bret Harte's "Overland" Enemy.

In The Atlantic Monthly Mr. Charles Warren Stoddard, describing the appearance of Bret Harte's "The Luck of Roaring Camp," explains the story of the woman who was opposed to its publication. There have been many renderings of this incident. Mr. Stoddard's version is unquestionably the correct one.

In the August number of The Overland Monthly (1868) appeared "The Luck of Roaring Camp." If Mr. Harte had been in doubt as to his vocation before, that doubt was now dispelled forever. Never was a more emphatic or unquestionable literary success. That success began in the composing room, when a female compositor revolted at the unaccustomed combination of mental force, virility and originality. No doubt it was all very sudden and unexpected. It shook the editorial and composing rooms, the business office and a limited number of worthy people who had seen "The Luck" in manuscript as they had never been shaken save by the notorious Californian earthquake. The climax was precipitated when the justly indignant editor, whose motives, literary judgment and good taste had been impeached, declared that "The Luck of Roaring Camp" should appear in the very next number of The Overland Monthly or he would resign his office. Wisdom finally prevailed, the article appeared, The Overland's success was assured, and its editor was famous.

Nautical.

Lessee—That sailors' chorus was awful! What was the matter?

Stage Manager—The tars couldn't get the right pitch.—Pick Me Up.

The oleander has a deadly poison in its leaves and flowers, and should not be where young children are. It is too dangerous, beautiful though it is.

Trolley cars are now running in the streets of Cairo, Egypt.

MONKEYS IN CHURCH.

OPEN AIR CONGREGATION WHICH THEY VOLUNTARILY JOINED.

Some of Them Brought Their Babies With Them and Boxed Their Ears When They Showed Signs of Levity—Experience of Missionaries In India.

The most singular audience that I ever saw gathered to listen to preaching was an audience of monkeys, says an India correspondent of the Boston Golden Rule.

When I commenced work in the region which I have now occupied for more than 30 years, I asked two fellow missionaries to join me in a preaching tour in the adjacent taluk, or county. We first went with three native assistants to the taluk town, or county seat. Our tents were pitched in a grove adjoining the town. We usually on our tours went two and two to preach in the villages; but, this being the taluk town, and the first of our preaching the gospel in that region, we went in a body into the native city.

Walking through the cloth, spice, grain and iron merchants' bazaar streets, and then through the goldsmiths and silversmiths' street, around through the temple street, and then through the street of Brahman residences, to advertise our presence and incite curiosity to know what we were about, we finally took our stand in the Brahman street, and all joined in singing one of the beautiful Telugu Christian lyrics and gathered an audience of interested listeners.

We stood upon a little raised platform on one side of the street against the house walls. The houses were all of one story, joined together like a city block, with flat roofs and a low parapet along the front of the roof. One of our native assistants read a portion from the gospels, and another preached briefly; then one of my fellow missionaries followed, preaching more at length, while I watched the audience, to study the countenances of the people among whom I expected to work.

I had noticed that behind the houses on the opposite side of the street there was a long row of trees growing in their back yards, the branches of which stretched out over the flat roofs.

Chancing to raise my eyes, I noticed many branches of these trees beginning to bend downward toward the roofs and saw the faces of some old jack monkeys peering out through the foliage. Soon some of them jumped down and came forward to see what their "big brothers" in the street were about, as they stood gazing so intently at these white men standing on the platform. Springing upon the parapet, they seated themselves, with their hind feet hanging over in front, and gazing with fixedness at the preacher, as they saw the people in the street doing.

Other monkeys followed, until there was a long row of them thus seated on the parapet. The late comers I could see walking along behind the parapet, looking for a place wide enough to get a seat. Failing to find a wide enough place between two already seated monkeys, they would put up their hands, and, pushing each one sidewise, would seem to be saying, "Sit along a little, please, and give a fellow a seat," until the "bench" was crowded.

The audience in the street, standing with their backs toward that row of houses, did not notice the monkeys, and so their attention was not distracted by them.

I had noticed that many mother monkeys had brought their babies to church with them. These little baby monkeys sat upon the thigh of the mother, while her hand was placed around them in a very human fashion, but the sermon was evidently too high for these little folks to comprehend. Glancing up, I saw one of the little monkeys cautiously reach his hand around, and, catching hold of another baby monkey's tail, give it a pull. The other little monkey struck back, but each mother monkey evidently disapproved of this levity in church, and each gave its own baby a box on the ears, as though saying: "Sit down! Don't you know how to behave in church?" The little monkeys, thus reprimanded, turned the most solemn faces toward the preacher and seemed to listen intently to what he was saying.

With the exception of a monkey now and then trying to catch a flea that was biting him in some tender spot, they thus sat demurely until the preacher finished his sermon and until we had distributed gospels and tracts among the audience and had started for our tents.

Our "celestial audience," seeing our "terrestrial audience" dispersing, then, and not until then, left their seats and demurely walked back and sprang upon the branches again. There were no "monkey capers" as they went. They were as serious as a congregation leaving a church and sat upon the branches in a meditative mood as though thinking over what they had heard the preacher say. And thus we left our unique monkey audience.

A Prophetess Confounded.

One of the most diverting tales told in connection with the art of anagram making relates to a certain Dame Eleanor Davies, wife of Sir Joshua Davies, says a writer in Lippincott's Magazine. She lived in the time of Charles I and was a constant croaker and foreteller of evil. At length she made herself so obnoxious to the government that she was cited to appear before the court of high commission. She fancied that she was gifted with prophetic powers, because the letters of Eleanor Davies formed the anagram "Reveal, O Daniel." This was not a good anagram, as it used the "l" twice and did not employ the "s" at all.

She resisted all the efforts of the bishops to bring her to reason, but was at last entirely defeated by a witty dean, who hoisted her with her own petard by making another anagram, not so complimentary to her prophetic insight, "Dame Eleanor Davies—never so mad a ladie!" This caused her to doubt the reality of her own inspiration, and so utterly disconcerted her that no more was heard of her.

The Reason Why.

A lady happened to remark to an athletic friend that it was very strange that most of the bad bicycling accidents seemed to happen to women—and could he account for it—were they more "foolhardy?" "Not at all," he replied. "The real reason is, I think, that women cannot judge distances. Now, from his earliest youth up a boy is trained through his games to accurately measure yards and feet. You will see a woman rush in between two carts where a man could tell you to a certainty that it would be impossible to avoid an accident. It is just the want of a trained eye that does the mischief."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Revolution.

"I tell you," said the man who is always excited, "the world is on the verge of another revolution."

"That's true," replied his friend who keeps cool.

"And there's no telling when it will end."

"Oh, yes, there is. It will end in 24 hours and start right over again the same as usual."—Washington Star.

Keenly Realized.

"How time flies as one gets older!"

"Yes; when I was a clerk on salary the time did not pass half so rapidly as it does now that I am in business with notes to meet."—Indianapolis Journal.

Sanitation In Asia.

The appearance of plague at Bombay and Calcutta has produced one good effect at all events. Before its advent those prosperous cities had come to believe that they had nothing to learn in regard to sanitation. There was a time when they were open to reproach in such matters as open sewers, polluted water, and what not. But by dint of liberal expenditure of money and energy they had made matters right and could even challenge comparison with Paris, Berlin and Vienna. When, however, the awful eastern scourge, after striking firm root at the western capital, flew across the peninsula to the eastern, the public became a little doubtful as to whether sanitary precautions had been duly observed. First came inquiry, then dismay, indignation, wrath, as discovery followed discovery, each more appalling than the last. We refrain from giving particulars. Even to read these horrors is sickening. But a still more terrible question presents itself. If the two most cultured and wealthiest cities in Hindustan are in this dreadful condition, what must be the state of less favored centers of population in districts where there are few whites and many blacks? Were the plague to penetrate inland, it would, we fear, find many towns only too ready for its reception.
—London Graphic.

The Wedding Ring.

The associations called up by a wedding ring are very touching, and it is the last thing that even the poorest wife will part with. If it ever was considered a badge of servitude, it now is much more suggestive of queenship and sovereignty. An old Latin writer thus describes the ring: It is circular, because the mutual love and hearty affection of matrimony should be forever, their continuity remaining as unbroken as the circlet itself. It is an old—and exploded—notion that the ring is placed upon the fourth finger because a small artery connects with the heart. The real reason probably is that the left hand is not used as much as the right, and the fourth finger less than the other fingers.

The common cocklebur of the country is simply the seed case of a plant. Its thorny hooks give it a hold upon fur or wool bearing animals or upon the clothes of men, and thus cause it to be transported to considerable distances.

Twenty ordinary bricks equal a cubic foot of work when laid in position.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

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Panacea Springs. The analysis of the Panacea Water proves it to be a sure cure for dyspepsia, chronic diarrhœa, kidney and liver troubles, eczema and scrofula, and it is particularly efficacious in restoring weak men, delicate females and sickly children to health.

TO LINCOLNTON, N. C

Mineral Springs, Lithia Arsenic and Alum. The waters of the famous Lincoln Lithia Springs, are celebrated throughout the United States for their healing qualities in diseases of the kidney and bladder; also for gout, rheumatism, and the varied forms of dyspepsia.

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The famous Sulphur Springs at Cleveland and Patterson, two and four miles respectively from town. The Cleveland Springs are four in number, viz: White Sulphur, Red Sulphur, Chalybeate and Pure Freestone. For half a century or more these springs have been known to possess rare medicinal virtue, but it is only during the last few years that an effort has been made to bring them before the public and place them where they now stand, in the front rank of well earned popularity.

TO HARRIS LITHIA SPRINGS, S. C.

The Lithia Water at these Springs is noted for its curative qualities for torpid liver, skin eruption, scrofulous diseases, kidney and bladder troubles of every kind, rheumatism and gout. The atmosphere all through the summer is delightful, and the most fastidious can hardly fail to be satisfied with the even balmy climate. Large pools have been provided for bathing, together with dancing pavilion, tennis court, bowling alleys, croquet grounds, etc., for the amusement of the pleasure-seeker and invalid.

For full information in regard to Rates, Schedules, etc., call on nearest S. A. L. Ticket Agent.

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jy 15 tf Portsmouth, Va.

Statement of The National Bank of Wilmington,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Condensed from Report to the Comptroller.
FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1897.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$281,344 24	Capital Stock	$100,000 00
Bank Building	23,000 00	Surplus	11,500 00
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer	2 250 00	Undivided Profits	1,015 69
U. S. Bonds	50,000 00	Dividends Unpaid	330 00
Premium on U. S. Bonds	5,487 50	Circulation	45,000 00
Stocks, Securities, etc.	4,998 00	Deposits	372,822 48
Over Drafts	82 14		
Due from Banks	34,429 14		
Cash and Reserve	128,597 15		
	$530,668 17		$530,668 17

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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT May 30, 1897

WESTWARD.

	No. 41.	No. 403.
Leave Wilmington	*3 20 p m	....
Leave Lumberton	5 26 p m	....
Leave Maxton	6 12 p m	....
Leave Laurinburg	6 23 p m	....
Arrive Hamlet	6 53 p m	....
Leave Hamlet	7 13 p m	*5 1?pm
Leave Rockingham	7 30 p m	5 28am
Leave Wadesboro	8 11 p m	5 54am
Leave Marshville	8 48 p m	6 25am
Arrive Monroe	9 12 p m	6 48am
Leave Monroe	9 35 p m	7 00am
Arrive Charlotte	10 25 p m	7 50am
Arrive Mt. Holly	....	9 20am
Arrive Lincolnton	....	10 20am
Arrive Shelby	....	11 18pm
Arrive Ellenboro	....	11 55pm
Arrive Rutherfordton	....	12 30pm

*8 40 a m Leave......Hamlet......Arrive 6 20pm
10 00 a m Arrive......Cheraw......Leave *5 00pm

EASTWARD.

	No. 38	No. 402.
Leave Rutherfordton	....	*4 35pm
Leave Ellenboro	....	5 15pm
Leave Shelby	....	5 55pm
Leave Lincolnton	....	6 56pm
Leave Mt. Holly	....	7 52pm
Leave Charlotte	*5 10 am	8 28pm
Arrive Monroe	5 55 am	9 10pm
Leave Monroe	6 05 am	9 40pm
Leave Marshville	6 28 am	
Leave Wadesboro	7 01 am	10 31pm
Leave Rockingham	7 41 am	11 05pm
Arrive Hamlet	7 55 am	11 20pm
Leave Hamlet	8 10 am	....
Leave Laurinburg	8 46 am	....
Leave Maxton	9 05 am	....
Leave Lumberton	9 53 am	....
Arrive Wilmington	12 05 pm	....

NORTHWARD.

Leave Hamlet	*8 15 am	*11 20pm
Arrive Raleigh	11 30 am	2 16am
Arrive Portsmouth	5 50pm	7 25am
Arrive Richmond	*6 50 pm	*8 15am
Arrive Washington	11 10 pm	12 31pm
Arrive New York	6 53 am	6 23pm

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Monroe	*9 48am	*9 25pm
Arrive Abbeville	11 05 am	1 40am
Arrive Athens	1 15 pm	3 45am
Arrive Atlanta (Central Time)	2 50 pm	5 20am

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

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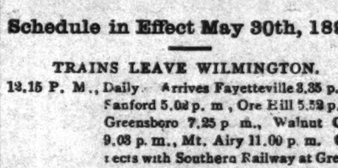

Schedule in Effect May 30th, 1897.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON.

12.15 P. M., Daily. Arrives Fayetteville 3.35 p. m., Sanford 5.02 p. m., Ore Hill 5.52 p. m., Greensboro 7.25 p. m., Walnut Cove 9.08 p. m., Mt. Airy 11.00 p. m. Connects with Southern Railway at Greensboro, arriving Salisbury 8.50 p. m., Asheville 12.12 a. m., Knoxville 4.00 a. m., Chattanooga 7 40 a. m., Nashville 1.35 p. m., Charlotte 10.00 p. m., Atlanta 6.10 a. m., Danville 12.00 night, Lynchburg 1 58 a. m., Charlottesville 3.35 a. m., Washington 6.42 a. m., Baltimore 8 0 a. m., Philadelphia 10.15 a. m., New York 12 43 p. m.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON.

4.30 P. M., Daily, from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Charlottesville, Lynchburg, Danville, Mt. Airy, Walnut Cove, Greensboro, Nashville, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Asheville, Salisbury, Atlanta, Charlotte and all points North, South and West.

LOCAL FREIGHT TRAIN NO 8.

Leaves Wilmington 2 55 p. m., arrives Fayetteville 9 .15 p. m. Passenger coach attached to this train.

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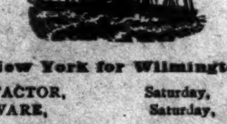

New York for Wilmington

BENEFACTOR,	Saturday,	Sept. 11
DELAWARE,	Saturday,	Sept. 18

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN,	Saturday,	Sept. 11
BENEFACTOR,	Saturday,	Sept. 18

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

BENEFACTOR,	Tuesday,	Sept. 14
DELAWARE,	Tuesday,	Sept. 21

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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT AUGUST 15, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.58 a m, Warsaw 11.1? a m, Goldsboro 11.58 a m, Wilson 12.43 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.58 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.24 a m, Richmond 4.20 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.25 a m, New York 2.03 p m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY except Sunday 2 00 p m — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 3 58 p m, Newbern 5 20 p m. This train leaves from Walnut street.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 4.00 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.09 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, Marion 6.43 p m, Florence 7.25 p m, Sumter 8.42 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.20 a m, Macon 11.30 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.50 p m, Savannah 2.43 a m, Jacksonville 8.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.03 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.13 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.13 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rock Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7.53 a m, Magnolia 8.05 a m.

DAILY except Sunday 12 40 p m — No. 61—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9 20 a m, Jacksonville 10 42 a m. This train arrives at Walnut street.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 3 25 p m, Savannah 12.50 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 8.20 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.05 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.28 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7 55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 50 a m, Greenville 8.52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18a m, Weldon 11 33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 a m and 1 00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 2 40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 a m and 6 30 p m, arrives Washington 11 00 a m and 7.30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m. Sunday, 4 05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.15 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 3.00 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9 42 a m, Rowland 10 00 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 10 p m, arrives Dillon 6.30 p m, Latta 6.44 p m, Pee Dee 7.08 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2 45 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 42 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7 48 p m, leave Lanes 8.26 a m, Manning 9.05 a m, arrive Sumter 9.35 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 55 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 9.14 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 8 55 a m, arrive Darlington 9 28 a m, Cheraw 10 40 a m. Wadesboro 2 25 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.10 p m, arrive Darlington 8.40 p m, Hartsville 9 35 p m, Bennettsville 9 36 p m, Gibson 10 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.27 a m, Hartsville 10 10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7 40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6 30 a m, arrive Darlington 7 15 a m, leave Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Cheraw 5 15 p m, Darlington 6 29 p m, arrive Florence 7 00 a m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.16 p m, arrive Selma 3.00 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.40 p m, 1.14 a m, Rowland 6.10 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m, Fayetteville 11.20 a m, 10.20 p m, Dunn 12.07 p m, Smithfield 12.48 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.42 p m, 12.10 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 40 a m, Creston 5 32 a m, arrive Denmark 6 30 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 55 p m, Creston 5 47 p m, Sumter 6 40 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3 50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.45 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.45 p m, Returning leave Lucknow 6.05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.25 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. au 1 tf

Wilmington & Newbern R. R.

In Effect Sunday, August 1, 1897

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

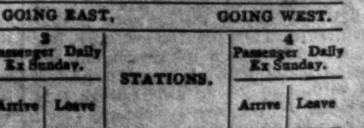
NORTH BOUND *6 A M	NORTH BOUND †8 P M	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND †7 P M	SOUTH BOUND ‡5 P M
		—WILMINGTON—		
	3 00	Lv...Walnut street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	3 10	Lv....Surry street....Ar	12 30	3 25
9 50		Ar..Jacksonville......Lv		12 05
11 00	3 58	Lv " Ar	10 42	10 25
11 58	4 30	Lv..Maysville..........Lv	10 09	9 18
12 30	4 44	Lv..Pollocksville.......Lv	9 55	8 50
1 30	5 20	Ar..Newbern...........Lv	9 20	8 00
	P M		A M	

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
†Daily except Sunday.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
au 1 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.



In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. 3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 20	Goldsboro........	11 25	....
....	4 19	Kinston...........	10 32	....
5 15	5 25	Newbern..........	9 17	9 36
6 37	6 43	Morehead City...	8 02	8 07
P. M	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 a. m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

S. L. DILL, Sup't.
ma 27 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 10, 1897

BUSINESS FAILURE.

J. R. Willard & Co., Bankers and Brokers of New York—Liabilities Will Reach $1,000,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 9.—James R. Willard, Elmer Dwiggins and Jay Dwiggins, who compose the firm of J. R. Willard & Co., bankers and brokers, with offices in this city, Buffalo, N. Y., Washington, D. C., Philadelphia and Montreal, to-day assigned to James L. Starbuck, with preferences for $30,000 to William H. Osterhout. No statement of the condition of the firm is yet obtainable, but it is estimated that their liabilities will reach $1,000,000. Jay Dwiggins is at present travelling in Europe.

It was said at the office of the firm that Mr. Osterhout, the preferred creditor, resides in Ridgeway, Pa., and the amount due him was a personal loan. Many of the firms' customers gathered in the office during the day and were loud in their condemnation of the action of the firm in closing them without notice. Confidential Clerk Arbogast admitted that he was the head of the firm of Arbogast & Co., of Chicago. He denied that the business had been closed by the Chicago police. "I am a member of the Chicago Open Board of Trade, and my reputation is well known in that city," said Mr. Arbogast. "My business dealings in Chicago were perfectly legitimate, and I defy anybody to say aught against me. Arbogast & Co. were only in business about six months, and they went out voluntarily."

It was said that the Stock Exchange firm of Boody, McClellan & Co. did considerable business for the defunct firm, but they were not involved by the failure. At the office of the firm all information as to their relations with Willard & Co. was refused.

Superintendent Howe, of the Produce Exchange, to-day received the following, written on the business paper of John Dickinson & Co.:

"CHICAGO, September 7.—To the Secretary of the Consolidated Stock and Petroleum Exchange.—Dear Sir: Please take notice that the firm of J. R. Willard & Co. is no longer in existence. Very truly yours, J. R. WILLARD."

The assignee, Mr. Starbuck, is one of the bookkeepers of the firm. On his behalf another made the following statement: "It is difficult to tell what the liabilities of the firm are, but they will probably amount to as much as $1,000,000. It is even more difficult at this time to give any idea of the assets of the firm. Whatever they are they consist mainly of cash in bank, outstanding accounts and securities. There is some prospect of a resumption of business, provided a reasonable settlement can be made with creditors."

J. R. Willard, senior member of the firm, has been a member of the Consolidated Exchange since September 23d, 1895. He had represented the firm in Chicago and had a branch office in that city up to a short time ago, when it closed and the business was taken over by John Dickinson & Co. Elmer Dwiggins was the working head of the firm.

"The cause of the failure," said the assignee, Starbuck, "is simply that the firm has been on the wrong side of the market. They have been short on stocks and grain.

"The firm has done a big business on the Consolidated Exchange, within sixty days having run as high as 9,000 to 10,000 shares of stock daily."

WASHINGTON, September 9.—Geo. W. Silsby & Co., brokers in stocks and grain, with branches in Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, this morning posted the following notice on their door:

"To patrons: The recent failure of a well known house in New York, which was carrying a large line of goods for us, has caused us a temporary embarrassment. We feel confident this will be shortlived. We do not propose closing our business but ask the indulgence of our patrons on old accounts for a few days."

The firm, which has been patronized by a great many small speculators, closed its doors some time ago but resumed later, and yesterday was sued by a customer.

LUETGERT MURDER TRIAL.

The Day Consumed in Taking Expert Testimony—Two Witnesses for the State Examined.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, September 9.—Both morning and afternoon sessions of the trial of Adolph Luetgert to-day were consumed in taking expert testimony. Through chemical analysis the State must establish not only the possibility of a human body being dissolved by the action of caustic potash heated to the boiling point, but also the fact that the bits of bone, hair and flesh and the scrapings of pinkish brown material from the interior of the vat in the sausage factory are portions of the body of a human being. If they can demonstrate these two propositions beyond a reasonable doubt, one of the most important portions of their case will have been accomplished. By circumstantial evidence they have endeavored to prove that Luetgert was anxious to rid himself of his wife, and that he enticed his wife to his factory on the evening of May 1st. By expert testimony they expect to prove that Mrs. Luetgert's remains are now represented by the bits of bone, flesh and hair.

Two expert witnesses have been called, Dr. Charles B Gibson and Prof. Mark Delafontaine. Dr. Gibson, whose direct examination was begun Wednesday, offered further testimony for the State and was turned over to the defence for cross-examination. Prof. Delafontaine was examined by Assistant State's Attorney McEwen, the direct examination occupying the remaining time of the morning session and the entire afternoon.

The prosecution could not draw from Prof. Delafontaine the assertion that the bits of flesh were human flesh. They might be human, but they might also be the flesh of an animal. The bones he was sure were human bones, but regarding the flesh he was very guarded and careful in his statements. He will tomorrow be turned over to the defence for cross-examination.

At no time during the day did the defendant display emotion, not even when the big dry goods box with its grewsome contents of flesh and bone was placed a few feet from him near the jury. He handled the gummy sacks and inspected with curious gaze the bits of flesh and bone which were passed gingerly from attorney to attorney, but at no time did his hand tremble or his look appear excited. Innocent or guilty, the verdict of all is that Luetgert is possessed of more nerve than any other man who has ever been tried for murder within the precincts of the Criminal Court building.

The attorneys for the defence continue in their confident attitude, and assert that when their prisoner is acquitted, a number of damage suits are to be commenced. They intend that those who have "manufactured evidence," as they put it, shall suffer for the wrong which they say has been done their client.

U. S. WARSHIPS.

FLEET MANŒUVRES AND GUN PRACTICE AT SEA.

Admiral Sicard in Command—A Visit of Inspection From Assistant Secretary Roosevelt—Results Highly Satisfactory.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FORT MONROE, VA., September 9.—The Dolphin returned to day to Hampton Roads with Assistant Secretary Roosevelt, who has just completed an inspection of the North Atlantic squadron at sea while under full fleet manœuvres. This is the first inspection made in recent years under such conditions and the results were highly satisfactory. Under the eye of the Assistant Secretary an extensive programme of exercises was successfully executed in a limited period of time.

The Dolphin reached the Southern drill grounds Tuesday forenoon, joining the squadron while the ships were at sub-calibre practice. This was suspended by Admiral Sicard upon his learning of Mr. Roosevelt's desire to witness heavy-gun practice, and the battleship Iowa was designated to fire her batteries in the presence of the Assistant Secretary, who was taken aboard for the purpose. The practice was excellent, and from the big 13-inch guns down to the little machine guns, the battery worked without serious hitch and splendid targets were made. The crack armored cruiser Brooklyn was next put through her paces and run up and down the firing line, making good practice at the distant target. In the evening the flagship New York repelled an imaginary attack by torpedo boats, using her search lights and her secondary battery with great effect. Following came a search light drill by the entire squadron, making a most beautiful and unique marine spectacle. Night signalling with the Ardois system of colored electric lights closed the day's work, and the squadron passed the night at anchor on the drill grounds, thirty miles east of the Virginia capes.

Wednesday's programme included squadron manœuvres. The ships got under way early, on signal from the New York, forming in column and passing in review to and fro before the Dolphin, which remained at anchor. The beginning of the exercises was preceded by the release of a flock of ten carrier pigeons bearing messages to the Norfolk navy yard. The squadron made a magnificent show as it came past the Dolphin, with the great battleships clearing the long swells with resistless power and showing the big guns and men at quarters on the side. Single column, double column, formation en echelon, wheels to right and left, and many other combination movements were attempted with splendid precision, and the manner in which the seven big ironclads maintained their positions in line, while under cruising speed, going through these complicated movements, earned the unstinted praise of the assistant secretary. A novel feature of the day's manœuvres was the use for the first time in any navy of Japanese daylight fireworks as a means of signalling, a system which is being developed to meet the emergency that might follow the loss in action of the signal mast or the hiding of a ship by smoke.

In the afternoon the commanding officers of the squadron were entertained at tea by Mr. Roosevelt on the Dolphin and the gathering of seven of the ablest officers of the navy aboard ship at sea afforded an opportunity for an exchange of valuable professional views as to the qualities of the ships they command. In the evening Admiral Sicard entertained Mr. Roosevelt at dinner aboard the flagship and Wednesday closed with another display of night signalling and search light work.

The Dolphin left the squadron next morning at sunrise, stopping off Cape Henry to permit of an inspection of the monitor Puritan, which was put through great gun practice for the purpose of affording a comparison of her hydraulic turret mechanism with the electric system of the Brooklyn and the steam gear of the other ships.

In summing up the results of his inspection of the squadron, Mr. Roosevelt said: "The trip has been in every way more than satisfactory. The target practice under service conditions, the fleet manœuvres, the practice with the search lights at night in discovering and sinking drifting targets, have each and all been done in a way which reflects very high credit upon the admiral, his captains and their officers and crews. The signalling, both at night and in the day time, including the day signals with the Japanese fire works, has been excellent. The rapidity and precision of the practice with the rapid-fire guns and the extraordinary accuracy with which the huge turret guns were fired were equally noteworthy. There were several matters of less importance, like the successful use of carrier pigeons, which also deserved commeent. In short there is every reason to be satisfied with every detail of the management of the huge warships, from the conning towers to the engine rooms and gun-turrets. This is the first time that such a squadron of modern iron-clads has ever been under command of an American Admiral; indeed, it is the first time in peace that an American Admiral has ever commanded a squadron relatively so formidable compared with the warships of other powers. At last we are beginning to have a navy fit to uphold the interests of our people, a navy which though too small in size, need fear comparison with no other as regards the quality of its ships and men.

THE CUBAN QUESTION.

Spain Assured of the Sympathy of France and England in the Event of American Interference.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, MO., September 9.—Comte Henri De Penalooza, who has been visiting friends in St. Louis for a few days, said that the rumor of an understanding between Spain and other European nations looking to a check upon American interference with Cuba, was confirmed by information which came to him from high authority. De Penalooza has been introduced in St. Louis as a member of an old Spanish family whose sympathies are with the Carlist party, but whose connections with high politics in Spain keep them posted on most of the important developments in diplomatic circles. He said:

"Some time last September, when the Cuban question was so much agitated in the United States even to the point of furnishing planks to the declarations of Presidential conventions, Senor Canovas del Castillo, the premier of Spain, received assurances from the English and French Governments through their representatives in Madrid, that they would not permit any action on the part of the United States other than a very perfunctory recognition of the belligerency of the insurgents. On August 5, before leaving Paris, I learned from trustworthy sources that this assurance has been renewed. General Ascarraga, the new premier, has received the French and English ambassadors, who have once more assured Spain of the sympathy of their Governments and of their willingness to give her their 'diplomatic help.'"

WILL YOU GIVE UP all that health means to you? If not, look out for impure blood. Cure boils, pimples, humors and all scrofulous tendencies by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable and do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists.

THE FEVER SITUATION.

Two or Three Suspicious Cases in New Orleans—Another Death at Ocean Springs—A Case at Perkinston, Miss.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, September 9.—Up to nightfall there had been no change in the fever situation. Two or three suspicious cases had been reported to the Board of Health—a material falling off from yesterday, when there were 37. These were investigated with the usual results. This evening Dr. Olliphant and his corps realize that they have but one battle to fight—that of preventing any more importations from the coast towns, Biloxi and Ocean Springs.

The news from the Mississippi Sound was satisfactory and disappointing—satisfactory in that Dr. Guiteras and the other government experts had declared that yellow fever existed at Ocean Springs and Biloxi, confirming the judgment of Dr. Olliphant and his associates, and disappointing, because the fears of the public have been realized. Of course the decision of Dr. Guiteras has set at rest all doubt here that yellow fever exists at Ocean Springs, but the people there find some consolation in the fact that peculiar conditions surround the death of Sheray Seymour. He was in bad health before he was stricken, was dissipated and unnecessarily exposed himself. He was first treated with primitive methods by his family, no physician was called for four days and when he showed temporary recovery he over-ate himself and died. Dr. Guiteras, Dr. Murray and all who participated in the autopsy declared, however, there was no question that the man had died of yellow fever. One of Dr. Guiteras' doubtful patients, a child, died to day. In Dr. Guiteras' opinion, the prevailing fever is not yellow fever, but there are isolated cases of that dread disease. This evening Dr. Guiteras pronounced the case of Ernest Beanges, now sick, as yellow fever. Late this evening the three cases heretofore reported as existing at Biloxi were confirmed as yellow fever by Drs. Murray and Gant, after a careful investigation. They are thoroughly isolated and it is confidently predicted that a spread of the contagion will be prevented.

The sensational report given out last night that there were seven additional cases yesterday at Biloxi is to-day pronounced to be without foundation. A feeling of depression exists in Biloxi, but the little city is rising equal to the situation, and a couple of tons of disinfectants are being scattered through the town.

A late dispatch brings the information that a lad named Theodore Sanchez, in Biloxi, shows a decided case of yellow fever, as diagnosed by Dr. Haralson. No communication is allowed with the inmates of the house.

Dr. Salamson and Dr. Kelly to-day examined nine cases of fever in Moss Point. They declared that there is no case of yellow fever in that town, nor even a suspicious case.

Dr. Guiteras will go to Biloxi and Scranton after he has completed his investigation at Ocean Springs.

Mayor Flower, of New Orleans, was asked to-day if the fever would have the effect of inducing the authorities to give the city a cleaning up. He replied in the negative, but added, however, that if President Olliphant believed a thorough cleaning was required to keep the fever out, it would be done.

Throughout the city to day plugs were opened in order that the gutters might be flooded.

Passenger trains leaving the city today carried only ordinary passengers. Dr. Seely, who has been nursing patients at Ocean Springs, has been stricken with yellow fever at his home at Perkinston, Miss. The case has been officially confirmed and Dr. H. S. Gulley, State health officer, has gone to Perkinston to take charge of the town and establish quarantine.

OHIO GOLD DEMOCRATS.

State Convention—Small Attendance—A State Ticket Nominated—Points in the Platform.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBUS, September 9.—The State Convention of the National Democrats to day was not as large as expected the attendance being limited probably to half a hundred delegates. The leaders of the party express themselves as well satisfied, however, and attribute the small attendance to the fact that business men generally are less apprehensive on the money question than a year ago. They believe also that the party has pursued a wise policy in nominating a State ticket. This was the only question in fact upon which a difference of opinion developed among the delegates.

Notwithstanding the committee appointed Wednesday night decided it was advisable to nominate a State ticket, the opposition succeeded in having a plank slipped into the platform declaring it inexpedient to nominate a State ticket. A lively discussion was precipitated by this coup of the minority and it developed that the question involved was whether the party organization could be maintained more effectually by nominating or not nominating a State ticket. The majority seemed to think that a ticket would give the party organization a prestige which it could not otherwise secure, and this plank of the platform was defeated by a decisive vote. Next to the nomination of a ticket, the most important action of the convention was in endorsing a candidate for U. S. Senator. The proposition originated with the Franklin county delegates and Jos. H. Outhwaite, of this city, was unanimously endorsed.

Hon. W. D. Bynum, of Indiana, spoke on the money question and letters were read from Hon Jno. G. Carlisle and Hon. Henry Watterson. The latter regretted that he could not meet the true Democrats of Ohio. He was laboring unceasingly and earnestly for the end they had in view. If the party is to live there must be a restoration of Democratic principles. They demand the repudiation of misleading theories of finance. "In Kentucky," he said, "we have made a glorious beginning and we have every reason to look for a glorious result."

Hon. Jno. G. Carlisle sent a long letter saying in effect that the Democrats who have remained faithful to the true principles of the party as they were understood prior to the revolutionary declarations of 1896, should preserve their organizations, nominate candidates and prosecute vigorous contests in every State in the Union.

The platform denounces the Dingley bill, and condemns the proposed annexation of the Hawaii islands. The financial plank is as follows: "We declare for the maintenance of the gold standard, for the retirement of the greenback and for the extension of the civil service merit system, wherever possible in the nation and in this State."

A State ticket was nominated, with Julius Dexter for Governor.

MINERS' CONVENTION.

No Vote Taken on the Proposed Settlement.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBUS, O., September 9.—The miners' convention remained in executive session until late this afternoon, adjourning until to-morrow morning without having taken a vote on the proposed settlement.

President Ratchford said to an Associated Press representative to-night: "You may predict with every degree of certainty that a settlement will be reached and that the action of the national board in recommending a settlement will be endorsed."

RALEIGH NEWS BUDGET.

THE SPECIAL HEARING BEFORE KERR CRAIGE AT SALISBURY.

Persons Not Interested Say It Was a Farce—Result of the Sanitary Examination at Goldsboro—A. and M. College—Insane Asylum—The Cumnock Suit.

[Special Star Correspondence.]

RALEIGH, N. C., September 9.

Ex-Judge Whitaker's lovely country home, three miles south of the city, was destroyed by fire last night. The loss is fully covered, there being $8,000 insurance on the property. The residence originally cost $4,500. Judge Whitaker moved in the city last week. The origin of the fire is unknown.

The counsel who attended the special hearing before Kerr Craige at Salisbury returned to the city this morning. The sentiment of those persons attending the hearing, who were not interested, is that the whole thing was a farce. Mr. Frank Sprunll and others who were present are very indignant at the report sent out to the effect that Russell sustained his charge of legal fraud.

An alarm of fire was turned in from the Insane Asylum this morning. It proved to be false. Several hundred people rode out to the Asylum. The inmates took in the joke and laughed at the crowd that came up to the big building almost breathless.

The A. & M. College opened to day. More than a hundred new students have matriculated. About twenty five boys from Raleigh attend the college.

The executive committee of the Insane Asylum was in session last night and this morning. There was no new business before the committee.

Judge Purnell decided to day not to grant the motion of counsel for Miss Katie K. Waite, of Cumnock, to limit the time allowed Samuel Langdon to take evidence in the suit instituted against the former for the recovery of $50 000 in bonds. The case has been hung up in court for nearly a year, and many outside issues have been introduced by the parties concerned, between whom a very bitter personal feeling exists.

Col. A. W. Shaffer, the surveyor to the State Board of Health, who made a sanitary examination of Goldsboro, has made his report to the secretary. He sets forth that the sanitary arrangements are bad. Dr. McKee, who returned from Goldsboro this morning, states that the Board of Aldermen of Goldsboro have been called for the purpose of ordering an election to determine whether the people shall vote a $35 000 bond issue for a sewer system.

WATCHING THE DAUNTLESS.

U. S. Gunboat Annapolis and Revenue Cutter Boutwell.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, Ga., September 9.—The United States gunboat Annapolis arrived at Tybee last night from the north to relieve the gunboat Wilmington which has been engaged for several weeks in watching the movements of the filibustering tug Dauntless. The Wilmington sailed north last night and to-day the Annapolis steamed away in a southerly direction. The revenue cutter Boutwell is anchored several miles down the river on guard, while the Dauntless is tied up to a wharf at this city closely watched from the land side.

PAID FOR PENSIONS.

The Total Amount the Past Fiscal Year is $140,477,637.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 9.—The annual report of the auditor of the Interior Department shows that the amount paid for pensions during the past fiscal year was $140 477,637. The payments on pensions account for the fiscal year 1896 was $138,723,137, and for the fiscal year 1895, $140,558 641; 1894, $137,119,551, and for 1893, $154 559,914.

ANOTHER KLONDIKE.

Discovery of Gold in Santa Fe County, New Mexico.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SANTA FE, N. M., September 9—Reports from Golden, South Santa Fe county, say that in sinking a tubular well to secure a water supply, the drill passed through 50 feet of solid quartz, every foot of which shows free gold. Some of the gold nuggets are as large as grains of wheat. The discovery was made on virgin ground at a depth of 350 feet.

WARM WIRELETS

First Lieut. Richard C Croxton, first U. S. Infantry, has been ordered to Richmond, Va., to report to the Governor for duty with the volunteers of that State.

The following North Carolina fourth-class postmasters were appointed yesterday: D P. Ferguson, Bryson City; I D. Spry, Gilbert; Amos Lain, Mulgrove; J. H Blalock, Old Fort; R. A Jones, Richmond; J. T. Poindexter, Stony Knoll.

Trustees of Furman (Baptist) University, at Greenville, S. C. have elected Prof. Andrew Montague, of the Columbian University president, to succed Dr. Manley, who resigned because the trustees did not wish him to fill a pulpit and the office of President at the same time.

The Master Car and Locomotive Painters Association of the United States and Canada, in session at Old Point Comfort, elected the following officers: President, C. E Copp, Lawrence, Mass; vice-president, H. G. Masters, Chicago; secretary and treasurer, Robert McKeon, Kent, Ohio. No other business of public interest was transacted.

Don't Give Up.

Sorrow came to you yesterday and emptied your home. Your first impulse now is to give up and sit down in despair amid the wrecks of your hopes. But you dare not do it. You are in the line of battle, and the crisis is at hand. To falter a moment would be to imperil some holy interest. Other lives would be harmed by your pausing. Holy interests would suffer should your hands be folded. You must not linger even to indulge your grief. Sorrows are but incidents in life and must not interrupt us. We must leave them behind, while we press on to the things that are before. Then God has so ordered, too, that in pressing on in duty we shall find the truest, richest comfort for ourselves. Sitting down to brood over our sorrows, the darkness deepens about us and creeps into our heart, and our strength changes to weakness. But, if we turn away from the gloom and take up the tasks and duties to which God calls us, the light will come again, and we shall grow stronger.

When all our hopes are gone,
'Tis well our hands must still keep toiling on
For others' sake.
For strength to bear is found in duty done,
And he is blest indeed who learns to make
The joy of others cure his own heartache.

—J. R. Miller, D. D.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

We for many years have used your Castoria in our families with satisfactory results.

SANTA FE R. R. WRECK.

Twelve Dead, One Missing and Fourteen Injured—The Mails Plundered and Destroyed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

EMPORIA, Ks., September 9.—Twelve known dead, one missing (probably incinerated) and fourteen injured, two of whom will likely die, is the record of the terrible head-end collision on the Santa Fe railroad as known to-night.

It is not positively known that the list given is complete, as it is believed that several were burned to death, and nothing left by which they could be recognized. The bodies of eleven have been found in the debris, three burned beyond recognition. Human ghouls delved in the wreckage and plundered the mail sacks which strewed the ground. One tried to snatch a diamond from the breast of an Emporia doctor, who, weak and nervous, was creeping slowly out of the debris. He had strength enough left to hit the brute a blow in the face, which made him turn with a curse and sneak away. Mail sacks were dragged into the corn field and rifled. The report at the Kansas City office is that practically all of the mail on both of the wrecked Santa Fe trains was destroyed. One pouch, however, for Southern California on the West bound train No. 1 is said to have been saved. This train, when it arrived, carried a large mail from New York city to California, Colorado, New Mexico and Arizona. No official report has been received here.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

For Sale—Twenty Houses and Lots cheap for cash. For particulars address Dr. M. H. Brown, 804 W. Walnut, Louisville, Ky. sep 10 5t

Two or three young men can obtain good board in a desirable locality at reasonable rates. Address L., care of this office. sep 10 tf

Wanted, a Cook. Apply to Lock Box 64, Marion, S. C. sep 8 6t

Wanted—Consumers of Fruit, Confectionery and Country Produce to call at No. 118 North Second street and inspect my line before purchasing. A. S. Winstead. sep 6 tf

A full line of Carpets, Mattings and Rugs arriving by every steamer. Call and examine. J. J. Shepard, No. 18 Market street. sep 5 tf

For Rent—Store No. 113½ South Front street, formerly occupied as Milliner's store. Possession given October 1st. Terms reasonable. Apply to A. D. Wessell, No. 113 South Front street. sep 3 3t

Just Received—The fourth invoice of that Fine Coffee, the Coronation Blend, the same as was served at the Banquet of the Carolina Yacht Club. Goods always fresh and the best, at the Atlantic Tea Co., Front and Market streets. au 22 tf

Ship your Beef Cattle, Milch Cows, Sheep and all kinds Produce to M. C Benson, No. 5 South Water street, for best prices and prompt returns. au 8 tf

Wanted—High-grade man of good church standing to act as Local Manager and State Correspondent here, after having thoroughly learned our business; salary $900 if qualified. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Elder, General Manager, care DAILY STAR. au 4 tf

Wanted—High-grade woman of good church standing to act as Local Manager and State Correspondent here, after having thoroughly learned our business; salary $300 if qualified. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Elder, General Manager, care DAILY STAR. au 4 tf

Money to lend on approved city property. J. H. Gore, Jr., Lawyer, room 8, Smith building, Princess street. au 17 1m

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 92. mar 13 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Opera House. oct1

We Desire to Thank

Our patrons for the flattering reception accorded us during the past six weeks and to assure them that it is our earnest desire to please them in every possible manner. To this end all of our energies are bent, and if when you call there are others ahead of you, bear with us and it will be only a few minutes until you are served. We will save you money just as certain as you trade with us.

Granulated Sugar 5½c per pound.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,

Bell 'Phone 287. Fourth Street Bridge. sep 4 tf

September Mullets.

125 Barrels September Mullets.
950 Bags Salt.
300 Kegs Nails.
100 Bundles W. P. Caps.
150 Ounces Quinine.
50 Tubs Broken Candy.
15 Barrels Candy.
50 Cases Horsford's Powder.
90 Cases Good Luck Powder.

W. B. COOPER.

sep 9 D&W tf Wilmington, N. C.

MONEY SAVED.

CASH BUYERS OF

Corn, Oats, Wheat Bran,

Cracked Corn, Cow Feed, &c.,

should not fail to get our prices before placing their orders.

Boney & Harper.

au 15 tf

Special Bargains

—IN—

TOBACCO and CIGARS.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market Street,

au 3 tf Wilmington, N. C.

At the Unlucky Corner

"Beardsley's"

Shredded Codfish,

A most delightful breakfast dish. Ready for the table in 15 minutes. No soaking, no boiling, no odor.

The Genuine Cod.

Try it once and you'll have no other.

S. W. Sanders.

Telephone No. 100. au 29 tf

ROOF PAINTING.

OWNERS OF BUILDINGS IN AND AROUND Wilmington will find it in their interest to see W. C. Mitchell about their leaking roofs before it is too late to remedy same. While you sleep rust is playing havoc with your

Tin and Iron Roofs.

The ordinary paints that are used for such work crack from the heat and peel off, hence, the water finds its way to the tin and soon makes your roof a sieve, from which your tenants complain. I am here in the interest of such roofs with a

Combination Roof Paint

that stops all leaks and makes your roof fire and water proof. This Paint is a combination that expands to heat and shrinks as it cools. It will not crack, scale or peel off, and is durable from eight to ten years without extra coating, and for

Less Money Per Square

than any other Paint known to the painting fraternity. My son, who superintends the work, has twenty years' experience at the business that he learned from his Old Dad, who served five years under an Englishman to learn the Art of Painting.

All orders addressed to me through the postoffice, or at the Marlborough House, or at the Hardware store of Owen F. Love & Co, will receive prompt attention. I will be here six or eight weeks. Any patronage will be appreciated. I can give reliable references from parties for whom I have worked.

Respectfully,

W. C. MITCHELL,

sep 1 tf Wilmington, N. C.

SUMMER RESORTS.

Hotel Townsend,

RED SPRINGS, N. C.

GREAT REDUCTION IN RATES FOR three months from August 15th; $7.00 per week or $25 00 by the month.

The wonderful waters from the Springs are unsurpassed for kidney and stomach troubles.

Hunting reserve has been secured for over 10 000 acres of fine hunting lands near here. For further information address

L. A. LYON, Prop

or H. E. THOMPSON, M'g'r, Red Springs, N. C.

au 19 D1m W2w

Claremont Summer Resort,

HICKORY, N. C.

The location is a noted health resort; chalybeate water; cool nights with mountain breeze; altitude 1200; elegant three-story brick building; twenty acre yard covered with native forest trees; a delightful resort with pure mountain air and water. Rates reasonable. Write for particulars.

S. F. HATTON, Proprietor.

je 29 26t

A Palace in the Mountains.

"For beauty of architecture and elegance of equipment 'The Alleghany,' at Goshen Bridge, Va., has not a rival among the summer resort hotels of America. Located in the heart of the Alleghanies, where the climate is always cool and invigorating, amidst scenery of wondrous beauty, its advantages as a summer home are unequaled."

Sulphur, Alum and Chalybeate Waters.

je 13 2m T. C. S. TIMBERLAKE.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

William and Mary College,

Williamsburg, Va.

BOARD FROM $12.00 TO $14.00 PER MONTH. Tuition fee for the half session $17.50. Medical fee $3.00. Contingent fee $3.00. Students willing to teach two years in the public schools pay only medical and contingent fees, and are charged $10 a month for board, fuel, lights and washing. Full collegiate course. Next session begins October 7th, 1897. Send for catalogue. LYON G. TYLER, M. A., LL. D., President.

jy 16 2m fr tu fr

Cape Fear Academy

BEGINS WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15. A home School preparing for Business or College.

Young pupils carefully taught. Its students have taken high positions in College, Business and Competitive examinations. New buildings and thorough equipment. W. CATLETT, Principal,

sep 3 2w 120 North Fifth street.

EPISCOPAL HIGH SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

NEAR ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA.

The 59th Year Opens Sept. 22, 1897.

Illustrated catalogue sent on application.

L. M. BLACKFORD, M. A., Principal.

jy 21 2m we su

PEACE Institute

FOR YOUNG LADIES, RALEIGH, N. C.

Excellent buildings and beautiful grounds in a Healthful Location with splendid climate.

STANDS AT THE VERY FRONT IN FEMALE EDUCATION.

Thorough in its Courses. High in its Standard. Unsurpassed in its high moral tone and in its intellectual and social influences.

Twenty-one officers and teachers. Very reasonable prices. Send for catalogue. je 30 tf

FOR SALE!

Machine-Made Spirit Barrels.

Made from the best thoroughly seasoned and selected

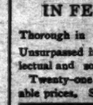
White Oak Timber.

Our experience of thirty-one years in manufacturing cooperage for the trade enables us to turn out barrels of correct gauge and guaranteed first class in every particular. Your patronage solicited.

The Geo. L. Morton Co.

y 4 1m

For Rent.



TWO-STORY DWELLING ON North-east corner Tenth and Princess streets. Building and fencing in good condition. Good water.

Two houses, four rooms each, on Eighth between Church and Castle streets. Good water and plenty of yard room.

D. O'CONNOR,

au 1 tf Real Estate Agent.

"THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD OR OUR SAVIOUR IN ART"

Cost over $100,000 to publish. Contains nearly 300 full-page engravings of our Saviour, by the great masters. Every picture is reproduced from some famous painting. Agents are taking from three to twenty orders per day. The book is so beautiful that when people see it they want it. "FIRST GLANCE AT THE PICTURES BROUGHT TEARS TO MY EYES," says one. "Cleared $150 first week's work with the book," says another. "Some high grade man or woman of good church standing should secure the agency here at once," says every editor. "no $900 can soon be made taking orders for it." Also a man or woman of good social position can secure position of Manager of this territory, to devote all their time to employing and drilling agents and corresponding with them. Address for full particulars A. P. T. ELDER, Publisher 378 Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill. au 4 tf

Schedule on Wilmington Seaboard R. R.

ON AND AFTER SEPT. 5TH TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 5.30 a. m., 10.10 a. m. 3.30 p. m., 5.30 p. m., 7.35 p. m.

Leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 3.00 p. m., 4.50 p. m., 10.05 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 10.10 a. m., and 5.30 p. m.

Leave Ocean View at 11.30 a. m., and 6.50 p. m.

sep 5 tf

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES

"THE PEACE MAKERS"

When you wish to talk Stoves and Ranges just bear in mind Buck goods are the finest and best made in America. This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other Stoves from the cheapest up.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO., Gen'l Agents,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. sep 9 tf

AN EARLY FALL.

We expect an early Fall. Our DRESS GOODS for Fall and Winter have arrived and are decidedly the prettiest Patterns we have ever shown. Everything is new, in style and fabric. England and France divide honors this season, and the modesty of one mingles with the gayety of the other.

NEW WEAVES FOR FALL OF 1897.

These goods are now in stock and we urge our customers to call and select patterns before they are "PICKED OVER."

DRAP D' ETE, a beautiful fabric with the soft twill of the Henrietta on one side and the appearance of Ladies' Cloth on the other.

EPINGLES.—The heavy twill-characteristic of the old Irish Poplins is noticeable in this fabric, and there is one thing sure, nothing wears better

"EUDORA" Silk Warp. You must call for this weave and examine in order to appreciate it

VENETIAN CLOTH—Like Venice, is beautiful, and the price is moderate and within the reach of all.

PAGUIN' SERGE—Another new weave, different from anything you have seen. It's an innovation bound to awaken the admiration and bring forth exclamations of delight from womankind.

Bayadere Effects, Broadcloths, Novelty Checks and Plaids in all colors.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

No. 29 North Front St.

au 29 tf

Opening Announcement.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY.

Dry Goods and Carpets.

No. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET.

To our Friends and Patrons:

We deem it fitting at the opening of our New Store to express to friends and patrons our grateful acknowledgements of the courtesies and patronage conferred upon us before our fire.

As the most practical method of exhibiting our appreciation of confidence reposed in us we have endeavored to so shape our plans for the future as to insure our friends and patrons the best service in everything pertaining to their interests.

After an inspection of our goods and a comparison and consideration of our prices, we feel that you will not fail to be impressed with the advantages we are in a position to offer. We carry everything in the line of Dry Goods and Carpets. We appeal for your patronage. Our terms will be Cash. We will serve your interests faithfully and well.

Yours respectfully,

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

Samples sent on application.

P. S.—Mr. R. M. McIntire, who for years was the leading Carpet Merchant in our city, will have charge of this department in our house, where he will be pleased to serve his friends.

Our Carpets were bought before the tariff went into effect. sep 5 tf

THE COST IS NOT CONSIDERED.

WE OFFER

A solid Black Walnut Ladies' Sewing Rocker for $1.50.

A High Back Hand Carved Oak Leather Seat Polished Dining Chair for $1.55.

A High Back Carved Wood Seat Diner for 50 cents.

A Polished Oak Leather Seat Rocker for $2 65.

Walnut Sideboards and Wardrobes at manufacturers' prices.

"Seeing is believing."—Come see.

THE SNEED CO.,

116 Market Street,

Wilmington, N. C.

Special attention to mail orders. au 24 tf

TRUE ECONOMY LEADS TO WEALTH.

Why pay $4 to $5 per cord for wood when for $4.50 you can get nearly twice the value of the wood in coal?

BANNER COAL

We claim is superior to all other Bituminous Coals for Domestic uses.

Points of Superiority

It is the lowest in percentage of ash.
Burns freely, but lasts well, keeping fire over night.
Is the most economical.

NO OFFENSIVE ORDERS. NO CLINKERS.

Try it and you will have no other.

We are prepared to furnish any quantity and to enter into contracts for year's supply.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephone 94. Inter-State Telephone 146.

au 29 tf

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Makes liberal loans to customers desiring money with which to help move the cotton and tobacco crops, when good security is offered. Every accommodation consistent with security and reasonable profits accorded in all branches of banking.

Promptness and accuracy guaranteed. No interest paid on deposits